ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# CITY OF WHITEVILLE

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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# FINANCIAL SECTION

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Whiteville, North Carolina

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whiteville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Whiteville ABC Board, which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Whiteville ABC Board, is based solely on the report of another auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the City of Whiteville ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whiteville, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 9, the Local Government Employees' Retirement Systems' Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions on pages 44 through 45, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 46 through 47, and the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, on page 48, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditor have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Whiteville, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal and State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and Stte Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditor. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditor, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2021 on our consideration of the City of Whiteville's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Whiteville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Dice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, North Carolina November 23, 2021

## City of Whiteville Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Whiteville, we offer the readers of the City of Whiteville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Whiteville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

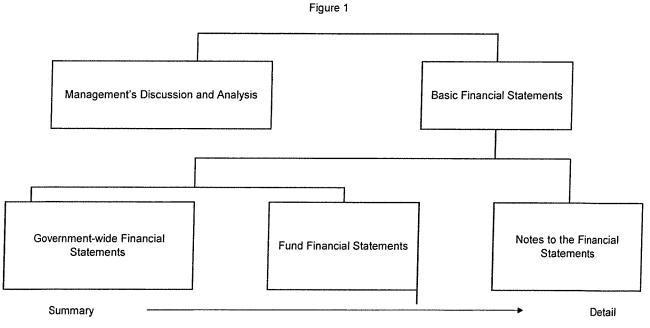
#### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Whiteville exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$23,703,646 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$68,594. Governmental activities decreased net position by \$292,111, while business-type activities increased net position by \$223,516.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Whiteville governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,005,178, a decrease of \$784,831 in comparision with the prior year. Approximately 51 percent of this total amount, or \$2,029,926, is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,359,641, or 64 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to City of Whiteville's basic financial statements. The City of Whiteville's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Whiteville.

#### Required Components of Annual Financial Report



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) a component unit. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. This includes the water, sewer, sanitation, and stormwater services offered by the City of Whiteville. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City, the ABC Board is important to the City because the City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the City. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at City of Whiteville ABC Board, 112 South J.K. Powell Blvd, Whiteville, NC 28472.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. Afund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Whiteville, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Whiteville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Whiteville adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds** – City of Whiteville has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. City of Whiteville uses enterprise fund to account for its water, sewer, sanitation, and stormwaer activity. This fund is the same as the functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow directly behind the basic financial statements.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Whiteville's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information follows directly behind the notes to the financial statements.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The City depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

#### City of Whiteville Net Position Figure 2

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business Ty	ype Activities	T	Total		
•	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,244,737	\$ 5,255,449	\$ 3,480,157	\$ 3,424,152		\$ 8,679,601		
Capital assets	9,265,333	8,742,815	17,197,932	16,543,396	26,463,265	25,286,211		
Deferred outflows of resources	1,398,785	597,614	404,435	219,381	1,803,220	816,995		
Total assets	14,908,855	14,595,878	21,082,524	20,186,929	35,991,379	34,782,807		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	7,684,283	6,916,719	3,463,712	2,728,602	11,147,995	9,645,321		
Other liabilities	643,672	856,011	485,811	876,622	1,129,483	1,732,633		
Deferred inflows of resources	793,756	956,232	345,982	409,012	1,139,738	1,365,244		
Total liabilities & deferred								
inflows of resources	9,121,711	8,728,962	4,295,505	4,014,236	13,417,216	12,743,198		
Net position:								
Net investments in capital assets	5,493,009	5,706,275	15,263,605	15,181,624	20,756,614	20,887,899		
Restricted	1,882,075	927,665	-	-	1,882,075	927,665		
Unrestricted	(944,268)	88,987	2,009,225	1,867,691	1,064,957	1,956,678		
Total net position	\$ 6,430,816	\$ 6,722,927	\$ 17,272,830	\$ 17,049,315	\$ 23,703,646	\$ 23,772,242		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Whiteville exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$23,703,646 as of June 30, 2021. The City's net position decreased by \$68,594 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The largest portion (87.57%) of net position reflects the City's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The City of Whiteville uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Whiteville's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position, \$1,882,075 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,064,957 is unrestricted.

## City of Whiteville Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governme	overnmental Activities Business Type Activities		Total				
	2021		2020		2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 83,521	1 \$	114,047	\$	4,251,238	\$ 4,204,257	\$ 4,334,759	\$ 4,318,304
Operating grants & contributions	635,940	)	1,743,752		52,057	449,724	687,997	2,193,476
Capital grants & contributions	221,086	6	-		-	335,143	221,086	335,143
General revenues:								
Property taxes	2,499,235	5	2,477,841		-	-	2,499,235	2,477,841
Other taxes	2,080,614	1	1,998,108		-	-	2,080,614	1,998,108
Other	47,852	?	154,122		160,497	205,215	208,349	359,337
Total revenues	5,568,248	}	6,487,870		4,463,792	5,194,339	10,032,040	11,682,209
Expenses:								
General Government	698,141		720,640		_	-	698,141	720,640
Public safety	3,908,516		3,562,365		-	-	3,908,516	3,562,365
Transportation	540,448		943,317		-	-	540,448	943,317
Environmental Protection	-		-		-	-	-	-
Cultural & Recreation	165,934		571,321		-	-	165,934	571,321
Economic & Physical Development	557,322		100,886		-	-	557,322	100,886
Interest on Long-term Debt	85,683		87,957		-	-	85,683	87,957
Water & Sewer	-		-	4	1,144,421	4,426,605	4,144,421	4,426,605
Total expenses	5,956,044		5,986,486	4	,144,421	4,426,605	10,100,465	10,413,091
Increase (Decrease) in net position								
before transfers	(387,796)	)	501,384		319,371	767,734	(68,425)	1,269,118
Transfers	95,685		128,482		(95,685)	(128,482)	-	
Increase (decrease) in net position	(292,111)		629,866		223,686	639,252	(68,425)	1,269,118
Net position, July 1	6,722,927		6,093,061	17	,049,315	16,410,063	23,772,242	22,503,124
Net position, June 30	\$ 6,430,816	\$	6,722,927	\$ 17	,273,001	\$ 17,049,315	\$ 23,703,817	\$ 23,772,242

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$292,111.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the City of Whiteville's net position by \$223,516. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

#### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Whiteville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Whiteville governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Whiteville's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Whiteville. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,677,129 while total fund balance of the general fund was \$3,359,641. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 32 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 64 percent of that same amount.

<sup>\*</sup> The City received approximately \$1 million less operating grants and contributions than last year.

<sup>\*</sup> The City received more operating and capital grants and contributions than last year.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of City of Whiteville reported a combined fund balance of \$4,005,177, a decrease of \$784,831 over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The budgetary amendments for FY 20-21 were due to necessary increases in appropriations in order to meet and maintain service needs of the City's departments.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City of Whiteville proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the fiscal year was \$779,799 in the Water Fund, \$968,436 in the Sewer Fund, \$174,225 in the Sanitation Fund, and \$86,765 in the Stormwater Fund. The total change in net position was \$36,689 for the Water Fund, \$81,980 for the Sewer Fund, \$74,390 for the Sanitation Fund, and \$30,455 for the Stormwater Fund. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Whiteville's business-type activities.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets. The City of Whiteville investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$26,463,265 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, construction in progress, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- Vehicles for various departments
- Trailor for Water & Sewer Department
- · Christmas lights
- Infrustructure for Storm Water
- · Finished construction of new ABC Store

## City of Whiteville Capital Assets Figure 4 (net of depreciation)

	Governmen	ntal Activities Business-type Activities			Activities Business-type Activities Total						
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Land	\$ 318,182	\$	318,182	\$	206,018	\$	206,018	\$	524,200	\$	524,200
Buildings and Distribution Systems	5,907,245		5,048,881		15,385,080		15,724,505	2	1,292,325	7	20,773,386
Equipment & Vehicles	2,779,415		3,017,307		455,999		497,586		3,235,414		3,514,893
Construction in Progress	260,491		358,445		1,150,835		115,287		1,411,326		473,732
Total	\$ 9,265,333	\$	8,742,815	\$ 1	17,197,932	\$ 1	16,543,396	\$ 20	6,463,265	\$ 2	25,286,211

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 3.A. of the Basic Financial Statements.

#### Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2021, the City had total debt of \$5,706,653 (excluding compensated absences, pension obligations, and OPEB). There was a net increase in total debt of \$324,651.

#### City of Whiteville Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021 2020	2021 2020			
Direct placement and borrowing installment agreements	\$ 3,743,253	\$ 3,928,547	\$ 1,934,329 \$ 1,361,776	\$ 5,677,582 \$ 5,290,323			
Capital Leases	29,071	58,137		29,071 58,137			
	\$ 3,772,324	\$ 3,986,684	\$ 1,934,329 \$ 1,361,776	\$ 5,706,653 \$ 5,348,460			

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable proeprty located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the City of Whiteville is \$33,554,795.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The City of Whiteville is located in Columbus County which is experiencing an unemployment rate of approximately 6.1% and the primary elements of the local economy, textiles and agriculture, have experienced losses in the past years. Related information may be reviewed at www.nccommerce.com/workforce, which addresses transitions in occupations and opportunities for displaced workers. The North Carolina Department of Commerce has designated Columbus County as Tier One. This category is reserved for the most economically distressed counties.

#### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: Property tax revenues are expected to remain stable. Other tax revenues could decrease slightly due to the ongoing effects of the COVID-19 virus. Capital spending is expected to increase with the Parks Construction Project, West Side Park Pedestrian Bridge Project and various projects within the American Rescue Plan Project Fund.

Business – type Activities: Business revenues are expected to remain stable. Capital spending is expected to increase with the ongoing Mollies Branch Phase I and Phase II Projects as well as additional sewer rehabilitation projects which are expected to be in progress for approximately the next 2-3 years. The loan repayments will continue on the Well loan, FlexNet Smart Utility System loan, as well as Mollies Branch Phase I and II loans. The two loans for the Wastewater Treatment Plant will be paid in full, year ending June 30, 2022.

#### Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, City of Whiteville, P.O. Box 607, Whiteville, NC 28472. One can also call (910)-642-8046, visit our website www.whitevillecity.com or send an email to cbrown@ci.whiteville.nc.us for more information.

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	P-7	Primary Governme	ent	
	Governmental	Business-type Activities		City of Whiteville ABC
Assets	Activities	Activities	Total	Board
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,070,278	\$ 2,737,288	\$ 5,807,566	\$ 634,301
Taxes Receivable (Net)	64,851		64,851	-
Accrued Interest Receivable on Taxes	2,356	-	2,356	-
Accounts Receivable (Net)	1,194	709,392	710,586	-
Due From Other Governments	699,043	26,873	· ·	-
Due From Component Units	49,950	-	49,950	-
Inventories	•	-	-	235,289
Prepaid Expenses				-
Internal Balances	137,576	(137,576)	) -	•
Restricted assets:	040 400	444400	202 202	
Cash and cash equivalents	219,489	144,180		000 500
Total Current Assets	4,244,737	3,480,157	7,724,894	869,590
Non-current Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Land, Non-depreciable Improvements, and				
Construction in Progress	578,673	1,356,853	1,935,526	=
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	8,686,660	15,841,079	24,527,739	111,540
Total Capital Assets	9,265,333	17,197,932	26,463,265	111,540
Total Assets	13,510,070	20,678,089	34,188,159	981,130
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension deferrals	1,101,262	269.844	1,371,106	19,115
OPEB deferrals	297,523	134,591	432,114	15,115
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,398,785	404,435	1,803,220	19,115
labilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	161,228	101,452	262,680	406,228
Customer Deposits	5,400	144,180	149,580	-
Unspent CARES Act Funding	5,364	-	5,364	-
Due to Primary Government	•	-	-	49,950
Accrued Interest Payable	35,902	8,181	44,083	
Current portion of long-term liabilities	435,778	231,998	667,776	-
Total current liabilities	643,672	485,811	1,129,483	456,178
ong-Term Liabilities:				
Net Pension Liability	1,229,027	490,146	1,719,173	41,094
Total Pension Liability	726,584	-	726,584	-
Total OPEB Liability	1,490,962	724,517	2,215,479	-
Due in more than one year	3,594,038	1,763,238	5,357,276	_
Total Liabilities	7,684,283	3,463,712	11,147,995	497,272
FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension deferrals	95,922	7,050	102,972	12,171
OPEB deferrals	697,474	338,932	1,036,406	144, 171
Prepaid licenses	360	_	360	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	793,756	345,982	1,139,738	12,171
t Position				
Net investment in capital assets	5,493,009	15,263,605	20,756,614	111,540
Restricted for:	5,100,000	10,200,000	20,, 00,011	111,040
Stabilization by State Statute	1,467,582	_	1,467,582	_
Streets	214,930	-	214,930	_
Economic Development	199,563	-	199,563	_
Olher	-	-	,	63,650
Unrestricted	(944,268)	2,009,225	1,064,957	315,612
Total Net Position	\$ 6,430,816	\$ 17,272,830	***************************************	\$ 490,802

City of Whiteville, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 2

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Rev	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Net Position	4.0
Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental	Business-type		City of Whiteville
			2000	Activities	Activities	Total	ABC Board
698,141 3,908,516	\$ 37,870 27,288	\$ 408.018		\$ (660,271) \$	<b>↔</b> 1		, & <del>&gt;</del>
540,448	•	146,980		(393 468)	•	(3,473,210)	ı
- 557 322	•	3,844	1	3,844		(393,468)	1 1
165,934	18,363	860' <i>/ /</i>	221,086	(259,138) (147,571)	1 1	(259,138)	, ,
	,			(85,683)	1	(85,683)	. 1
5,956,044	83,521	635,940	221,086	(5,015,497)		(5,015,497)	,
891,217	850,519	29.750					
1,812,274	1,883,169	22.307		•	(10,948)	(10,948)	•
216,218	218,448	; '	,	•	93,202	93,202	•
1,224,712	1,299,102	,		•	2,230	2,230	•
4,144,421	4,251,238	52,057			74,030	74,390	,
10,100,465	\$ 4,334,759	\$ 687,997	\$ 221,086	(5,015,497)	158.874	158,8/4	1
1,464,300		es	G			(2012)	
1,464,300	s	8	9 69	9		,	190,587
General revenues:						1	190,587
Property taxes Other taxes	Property taxes, levied for general purpose Other taxes	urpose		2,499,235	•	2,499,235	•
5	ibition to activities			8,635	ŧ	8.635	•
i v	Unrestricted investment earnings	ru to specific prograi	E	2,070,656	•	2,070,656	•
Miscellaneous	Series can ings			1,323	•	1.323	2.770
9 6	Total general revenues not including transfers	trong to the	•	47,852	160,497	208,349	, '
3	Sugar nor menduling	uansiers	•	4,627,701	160,497	4,788,198	2.770
enera	Total general revenues and transfers	fare		95,685	(95,855)	(170)	1
ein	Change in net position	600	•	4,723,386	64,642	4,788,028	2,770
Net position, beginning	ning			(292,111)	223,516	(68,594)	193,357
Net position, ending	D			S 6 430 816 ¢	17,049,315	- 1	
				00000		23,703,646	\$ 490,802

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	***************************************	Major	Funds			7-1-1
	Ge	eneral Fund	ABC Store Building Construction		Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			······································			 
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted Cash	\$	1,982,466 214,089	373,19	98 \$ -	714,614 5,400	\$ 3,070,278 219,489
Receivables, net: Taxes Accounts		64,437 1,194		-	414	64,851 1,194
Due from other governments Due from component unit		590,500 49,950		-	108,543	699,043 49,950
Due from other funds		825,938		_	_	825,938
Total assets	\$	3,728,574	\$ 373,19	8 \$	828,971	\$ 4,930,743
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		159,775		-	1,453	161,228
Due to other funds		144,361	371,40	9	172,592	688,362
Security Deposits		-		-	5,400	5,400
Unspent CARES Act Funding Total liabilities		304,136	371,409	<del>-</del>	5,364	 5,364
rotar nabilities	***************************************	304,130	3/ 1,40	J	184,809	 860,354
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property taxes receivable		64,437		-	414	64,851
Prepaid licenses		360		-	-	 360
Total deferred inflows of resources		64,797		•	414	 65,211
Fund balances: Restricted						
Stabilization by State Statute		1,467,582	-		-	1,467,582
Streets		214,930	-	i	-	214,930
Economic Development Assigned		-	-	•	199,563	199,563
Economic Development		-	-		84,034	84,034
Cultural & Recreational		-	-		95,000	95,000
Capital Outlay			(371,409	)	48,024	(323,385)
Hurricane Recovery		-	-		235,210	235,210
Public Safety		- 4 677 400	272 400		2,318	2,318
Jnassigned Total fund balances		1,677,129	373,198 1,789		(20,401)	 2,029,926
		3,359,641	1,709		643,748	 4,005,178
otal liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and and balances	\$	3,728,574	\$ 373,198	\$	828,971	
are beliefoed	Ψ	0,120,014	ψ 373,130	Ψ	020,311	(continued)
						(continued)

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina

#### Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of
Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

(Exhibit 1) die amerent besaute.	
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	\$ 4,005,178
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	9,265,333
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	1,101,262
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds	297,523
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.	2,356
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.	64,851
Pension related deferrals	(95,922)
OPEB related deferrals	(697,474)
Net pension asset (liability)	(1,229,027)
Total pension liability	(726,584)
Total OPEB liability	(1,490,962)
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(4,065,718)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,430,816
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,430,8

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major	Fund				
		ABC Store	<b></b>			Total
		Building	Non-Ma		Go	vernmental
	 Seneral Fund	Construction	Fund	S		Funds
REVENUES						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,453,686	\$ -	\$ 27	,013	\$	2,480,699
Other taxes and licenses	8,635	-		-		8,635
Unrestricted intergovernmental	2,070,656	-		-		2,070,656
Restricted intergovernmental	290,672	-	566	,354		857,026
Permits and fees	37,870	-		-		37,870
Investment earnings	1,323	-		-		1,323
Sales and Service	45,651	-		-		45,651
Miscellaneous	37,816	1,646	8,	390		47,852
Total revenues	 4,946,309	1,646	601	757		5,549,712
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	431,837	_	1.	848		433,685
Public safety	3,448,095	-	139,			3,587,132
Transportation	393,706	_	,			393,706
Environmental protection	÷			_		
Cultural and recreational	371,040	_		_		371,040
Economic Development	-	_	165,	642		165,642
Capital Outlay	_	966,048	209,			1,175,140
Debt Service:		333,373	1			,,,,,,,,
Principal	390,951	_		_		390,951
Interest & Other Charges	89,523	_		-		89,523
Total expenditures	 5,125,152	966,048	515,6	319	- (	6,606,819
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	 					-11
expenditures	 (178,843)	(964,402)	86,1	138	(	1,057,107)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers (to) other funds	(281,370)		190,3	34		(91,036)
Transfers from other funds	186,721	-	190,0	134		186,721
Lease and Installment Loan Proceeds	176,591	-		-		176,591
Total other financing sources (uses)	 81,942	-	190,3	24		272,276
Total other infancing sources (uses)	 01,342	-	190,3	34		212,216
Net change in fund balance	(96,901)	(964,402)	276,4	72		(784,831)
Fund balances, beginning	 3,456,542	966,190	367,2	76	4	,790,008
Fund balances, ending	\$ 3,359,641	\$ 1,789	\$ 643,7	48 \$	6 4	,005,178

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are	9
different because:	

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (784,831)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets Gain (Loss) on Disposal	1,257,787 (735,269)	522,518
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		238,240
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities		9,819
OPEB benefit payments paid and administrative costs made in the current year are not included on the Statement of Activities		36,752
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		40.500
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		18,536
New long-term debt issued Principal payments on long-term debt Decrease in accrued interest payable	(176,591) 390,951 3,839	218,199
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences & related liabilities Pension expense - LEOSSA Pension expense - LEOSSA OPEB expense	(31,944) (412,794) (91,215) (15,393)	(551,346)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	(10,000)	(292,111)
O	:	 

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina General Fund

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund					
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,516,514	\$ 2,510,334	\$ 2,453,686	\$ (56,648)		
Other taxes and licenses	7,280	7,280	8,635	1,355		
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	1,806,618	1,903,676	2,070,656	166,980		
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	105,636	242,239	290,672	48,433		
Permits and fees	53,262	41,642	37,870	(3,772)		
Investment Earnings	52,962	52,962	1,323	(51,639)		
Sales and Services Miscellaneous	37,790 8,638	37,790 17,896	45,651	7,861		
	***************************************		37,816	19,920		
Total revenues	4,588,700	4,813,819	4,946,309	132,490		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	561,598	449,220	431,839	17,381		
Public safety	3,573,097	3,582,800	3,448,095	134,705		
Transportation	351,657	430,489	393,706	36,783		
Cultural and recreation	435,248	399,395	371,040	28,355		
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement	-	492,354	390,951	101,403		
Interest and fees		98,615	89,523	9,092		
Total expenditures	4,921,600	5,452,873	5,125,154	327,719		
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	(332,900)	(639,054)	(178,845)	460,209		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer from (to) other fund:						
Special Revenue	(5,100)	10,641	10,641	-		
Capital Project Fund	(52,000)	(208,645)	(201,145)	7,500		
Stormwater Fund	-	(28,225)	(28,225)	-		
Sewer Fund	-	124,080	124,080	-		
Lease and Installment Loan Proceeds	70,000	226,054	176,591	(49,463)		
Appropriated Fund Balance	320,000	515,148		(515,148)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	332,900	639,054	81,942	(557,112)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(96,903)	\$ (96,903)		
Fund balance, beginning of year			3,456,542			
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 3,359,641			
i una balance, ena oi year			Ψ 3,333,041			

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

		Major		Non-Major	
			Sanitation	Stormwater	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 847,818	\$ 1,466,883	\$ 137,204	\$ 285,383	\$ 2,737,288
Accounts receivable (net) - billed	212,435	196,606	99,455	7,848	516,344
Accounts receivable (net) - unbilled	42,928	90,293	56,706	-	189,927
Miscellaneous Receivable	1,402	1,186	533	-	3,121
Due From Other Funds	84,361	8,861	60,000	-	153,222
Due From Other Governments	8,189	13,463	1,183	4,038	26,873
Restricted Assets:					-
Cash and cash equivalents	144,180		_		144,180
Total current assets	1,341,313	1,777,292	355,081	297,269	3,770,955
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land and other non-depreciable assets	34,131	1,307,722	_	15,000	1,356,853
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	2,294,336	12,917,262	60,394	569,087	15,841,079
Capital Assets (net)	2,328,467	14,224,984	60,394	584,087	17,197,932
Total noncurrent assets	2,328,467	14,224,984	60,394	584,087	17,197,932
rotal floribal fort doods	2,020,401	17,227,004	00,004		17,197,932
Total Assets	3,669,780	16,002,276	415,475	881,356	20,968,887
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension plan deferrals	78,417	126,318	38,536	26,573	269,844
OPEB deferrals	49,013	58,598	15,694	11,286	134,591
Total deferred outflows of resources	127,430	184,916	54,230	37,859	404,435
I intelligation					
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:	40 754	40.007			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	18,751	48,687	32,380	1,634	101,452
Due to Other Funds	444400	195,798	-	95,000	290,798
Customer Deposits	144,180	0.404	-	-	144,180
Accrued Interest Payable	44.400	8,181	-	40.550	8,181
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	11,183	204,242		16,573	231,998
Total Current Liabilities	174,114	456,908	32,380	113,207	776,609
Noncurrent Liabilities	~				
Compensated Absences	6,259	46,594	-	8,055	60,908
Total OPEB Liability	255,666	314,598	89,727	64,526	724,517
Net Pension Liability	142,437	229,444	69,997	48,268	490,146
Long Term Debt	100,634	1,584,727	· -	16,969	1,702,330
Total Noncurrent liabilities	504,996	2,175,363	159,724	137,818	2,977,901
Total Liabilities	679,110	2,632,271	192,104	251,025	3,754,510
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension deferrals	2,049	3,300	1,007	694	7,050
OPEB deferrals	119,601	147,170	41,975	30,186	338,932
Total deferred inflows of resources	121,650	150,470	42,982	30,880	345,982
Net Position					·
Net investment in capital assets	2,216,651	12,436,015	60,394	550,545	15 263 605
Unrestricted	779,799	968,436	174,225	86,765	15,263,605
Total Net Position of Business - Type Activities	\$ 2,996,450 \$				2,009,225 17,272,830
Total . 13th Johnson St. Business Type / Total titles	<u> </u>	· 10,707,701 Ψ		, 037,310 <b>p</b>	11,412,000

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	***************************************			Major				Non-Major	_	
					;	Sanitation	,	Stormwater		<u></u>
O a seriff	W	ater Fund		Sewer Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
Operating revenues:	_		_		_		_		_	
Charges for services	\$	772,416		1,883,259	\$	1,299,102	\$	218,448	\$	4,173,225
Other operating revenues		78,103		(90)						78,013
Total operating revenues		850,519		1,883,169		1,299,102		218,448	- —	4,251,238
Operating Expenses:										
Administration		20,664		168,726		-		_		189.390
Water Operations		800,669				_		_		800,669
Sewer Operations		_		561,248		_		_		561,248
Waste Water Treatment &										55.,2.5
Distribution Plant		-		640,247				_		640.247
Stormwater Operations		-		•		-		187,961		187,961
Sanitation		_		-		1,204,380		· .		1,204,380
Depreciation		69,886		418,757		20,332		27,858		536,833
Total operating expenses		891,219		1,788,978		1,224,712		215,819		4,120,728
Operating income (loss)		(40,700)		94,191		74,390		2,629		130,510
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										•
Investment earnings		_		_		_		_		_
Interest and fees		-		(23,296)		_		(399)		(23,695)
Water Tank Lease		45,718		(20,200)		_		(000)		45,718
Sewer Line Expansion Revenue		.0,0		112,858		_		-		112,858
Miscellaneous income		1,921				_		_		1,921
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		47,639		89.562		_		(399)		136,802
retar nemoperating revenues (expenses)		47,000		03,302				(000)		100,002
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and		6,939		183,753		74,390		2,230		267,312
Capital contributions		29,750		22,307		-		_		52.057
Transfers from (to) other funds		_		(124,080)		-		28,225		(95,855)
Total Income (Loss) After Contributions		36,689		81,980		74,390		30,455		223,514
Change in Net Position		36,689		81,980		74,390		30,455		223,515
Total Net Position, Beginning	2	777,020		13,505,211		160,229		606,855	1	7,049,315
Restatement (see Note 5)	,	182,741		(182,741)		-		500,000	**	.,0,0,0,0
Total Net Position, Ending		996,450	\$	13,404,451	\$	234,619	\$	637,310	\$ 1	7,272,830
Total Total Politoria Milania		,		,,	*			301,010		1,212,000

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Major		Non-Major	
	Water Fund	Sower Fund	Sanitation Fund	Stormwater	Total
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	rung	Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 820,804	\$ 1,826,887	\$ 1,291,992	\$ 225,644	\$ 4,165,327
Cash paid for goods and services	(397,538)	(892,027)	(1,017,798)	(22,307)	(2,329,670)
Cash paid to employees for services	(412,619)	(586,884)	(159,853)	(154,436)	(1,313,792)
Customer deposits received / (returned)	(22,593)				(22,593)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(11,946)	347,976	114,341	48,901	499,272
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATD FINANCING ACTI	VITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(3,750)	(1,021,548)	(3,750)	(162,321)	(1,191,369)
Installment Purchase Proceeds		1,015,090	-	50,946	1,066,036
Principal paid on loans	(11,183)	(464,897)	_	(17,404)	(493,484)
Interest & fees paid on loans	(2,741)	(23,923)	-	(399)	(27,063)
Miscellaneous income	1,921	(,,	_	()	1,921
Capital Contributions & Miscellaneous Grants	29,750	22,307	_		52,057
Sewer line expansion revenue	20,700	112,858	_	_	112,858
Water tank lease	45,718	112,000		- -	45,718
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related	45,710	_			43,716
financing activities	E0 74E	(200.442)	(2.750)	(400 470)	(400.000)
mianting activities	59,715	(360,113)	(3,750)	(129,178)	(433,326)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Due to/from other funds & transfers	(41,693)	30,151	(60,000)	95,000	22.450
Transfers to / from other funds	(41,093)	(124,080)	(60,000)	28,225	23,458
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	(41,693)	(93,929)	(60,000)	123,225	(95,855) (72,397)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital infancing activities	(41,093)	(93,929)	(00,000)	123,225	(12,391)
Cash flows from investment activities:					
Interest on investments	-		-		_
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,079	(106,062)	50,592	42,947	(6,444)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	985,919	1,572,945	86,612	242,436	2,887,912
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 991,998				\$ 2,881,468
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating	n activities:				
, , , , ,	-				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (40,700)	\$ 94,191	\$ 74,390	\$ 2,629	\$ 130,510
djustments to reconcile operating income to					
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	69,886	418,757	20,332	27,858	536,833
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(28,145)	(63,996)	(9,506)	3,456	(98,190)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	4,326	22,807	2,109	3,740	32,982
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous receivable	(5,893)	(15,093)	287	-	(20,699)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	-	-	*	•	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pension	(18,022)	(29,031)	(8,856)	(6,107)	(62,016)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for OPEB	(44,044)	(53,247)	(14,977)	(10,770)	(123,038)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	(6.366)	(132,603)	19 100	10	(420.700)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(6,366)		18,190	10	(120,769)
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay	2,676	(3,026)	-	5,359	5,009
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - pension	(1,915)	(3,085)	(941)	(649)	(6,590)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	(19,917)	(24,507)	(6,990)	(5,026)	(56,440)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	58,598	72,106	20,565	14,789	166,058
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	40,166	64,703	19,738	13,611	138,218
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(22,593)	,		,	(22,593)
Fotal adjustments	28,757	253,785	39,951	46,272	368,763
i Otal aujustinents					
et cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (11,946) \$			48,901 \$	499,272

#### CITY OF WHITEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Whiteville and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Whiteville is a municipal corporation, incorporated in 1834, that is governed by an elected mayor and a six member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, a legally-separate entity for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

#### Whiteville ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute 55% of its surpluses to the General Fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be reviewed at the Board's administrative offices at 112 South J.K. Powell Blvd., Whiteville, North Carolina 28472.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies result from nonexchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, transportation, and environmental protection services.

ABC Store Building Construction Fund. This fund is used to account for the acquisition of land and construction expenses of the new ABC Store.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

WDDC Tax District Fund. This fund accounts for the ad valorem tax levy of the municipal service district established at the request of the Whiteville Downtown City Development Commission.

Hurricane Matthew Project Fund. This fund is used to account for repairs necessary as a result of Hurricane Matthew.

Firehouse Subs Grant Fund. This fund is used to account for grant proceeds and related expenditures associated with the Firehouse Subs Grant received by the City.

FEMA AFG Grant Fund. This fund is used to account for grant proceeds received to purchase fire department equipment.

**HMGP Property Acquisition Fund.** This fund is used to account for funding received to purchase homes that were flooded in Hurricane Matthew.

Hurricane Dorian Recovery Fund. This fund is used to account for repairs necessary as a result of Hurricane Dorian.

CARES Act Fund. This fund is used to account for CARES Act funding received from the County. These funds will be used for relevant COVID-19 expenditures.

Vineland Station. This fund is used to account for rental activity and associated expenses of the Vineland Station.

City Hall Construction Fund. This fund accounts for capital expenditures associated with the building of the new City Hall.

**Downtown Master Plan.** This fund is used to account for USDA Grant proceeds and related expenditures for the downtown development.

AFG COVID-19 Grant Fund. This fund is used to account for AFG Covid-19 Grant proceeds and related expenditures for the mitigation of Covid-19.

Parks Pedestrian Bridge Construction. This fund is used to account for the related expenditures for the construction of the pedestrian bridge.

Parks Construction Fund. This fund is used to account for park construction projects.

Hurricane Florence Recovery Fund. This fund accounts for expenditures associated with Hurricane Florence recovery.

HMGP Generator Fund. This fund is used to account for grant funds received to purchase a generator.

Downtown WIFI Project Fund. This fund is used to account for grant funds received to update the WIFI equipment downtown.

Duke Energy Grant. This fund is used to account for grant funds received to purchase public safety equipment.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's water operations.

Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's sewer operations.

Sanitation Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's sanitation operations.

The City reports the following non-major enterprise fund:

Stormwater Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's stormwater operations.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Whiteville because the tax is levied by Columbus County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenue.

#### D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, WDDC Tax District, the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, the Sanitation Fund, and the Stormwater Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the remaining Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, and the Enterprise Capital Project Funds, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City and of the ABC Board are made in board designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The City and ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City and ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The City's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Unexpended loan proceeds are classified as restricted assets, as the loan proceeds were restricted for project expenses. Customer deposits held by the City before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

City of Whiteville Restricted Cash	
Governmental Activities General Fund	
Powell Bill Funds - Streets Vineland Station	\$ 214,089 5.400
Total Governmental activities	\$ 219,489
Business-type Activities Water Fund	
Customer Deposits	\$ 144,180
Total business-type activities	\$ 144,180
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 363,669

#### 4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1<sup>st</sup>, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1<sup>st</sup> (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6<sup>th</sup>. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. As allowed by State law, the City has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the City's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

#### 5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

#### 6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the ABC Board are valued at LIFO. The City does not keep enough supplies on hand to require maintaining an inventory; expendable supplies are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

#### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$0; equipment, furniture and fixtures, and vehicles, \$5,000; streets, \$100,000; wells, tanks, and bridges, \$100,000; culverts, \$15,000 and sidewalks and water and sewer lines, \$10,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated on a straight--line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful
Asset Class	Lives
Water and Sewer Distribution Lines	67 Years
Buildings	45 Years
Water and Sewer Equipment	40 Years
Infrastructure	30 Years
Equipment & Furniture	5-10 Years
Computers	3 - 5 Years
Vehicles	5-15 Years

#### 8. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the state of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has two items that meets this criterion, pension deferrals and OPEB deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has several items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable, pension deferrals, and OPEB deferrals.

#### 9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance cost, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City allows for the maximum accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a last-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the City nor the ABC Board has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Full-time employees are entitled to eight days sick leave per calendar year, regardless of length of employment, and unused sick leave benefits are allowed to accumulate. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken no accrual for sick leave has been made.

#### 11. Net Position/Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because either they are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

- Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.
- · Restricted for Streets Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.
- Restricted for Economic Development Portion of fund balance that is restricted for Parks Pedestrian Bridge Construction.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of City of Whiteville's governing body. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that City of Whiteville intends to use for specific purposes.

- Economic Development Portion of fund balance that is assigned to WDDC Development and other Economic Development projects.
- Capital Outlay Portion of fund balance that is assigned to the building of the ABC store and equipments for other funds.
- · Hurricane Recovery Portion of fund balance that is assigned for Hurricane Recovery.
- · Public Safety Portion of fund balance that was remaining from firefighters grants received and not yet spent.

 Subsequent year's expenditures — Portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$100,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

#### 12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Whiteville's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Whiteville has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (FRSWPF) and additions to/deductions from FRSWPF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRSWPF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

None.

#### NOTE 3: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Assets

#### 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the City and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City and the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2021, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,042,693 and a bank balance of \$2,282,311. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$633,426 and the bank balance was \$662,328. Of the ABC Board's bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. Of the City's bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by FDIC and the excess deposits were collateralized under the pooling method. Included in the carrying amount at June 30, 2021 was the City's petty cash fund which totaled \$200 and the ABC Board had petty cash which totaled \$875.

#### 2. <u>Investments</u>

At June 30, 2021, the City's investment balances were as follows:

	Valuation Measurement	Book Value at		
Investments by Type	<u>Method</u>	<u>6/30/21</u>	Maturity	Rating
NC Capital Management Trust - Government Portfolio	Fair Value- Level 1	\$ 4,128,542	N/A	AAAm
Total:		\$ 4,128,542		

#### 3. Accounts Receivable and Due From Other Governments

The amounts presented in the Statement of Net Position are shown below:

	Governmental	Business-type
	Activities	Activities
Sales Tax Refund Receivable	\$ 59,099	\$ 23,922
Charges for Services - Billed	-	516,345
Charges for Services - Unbilled	-	189,927
Motor Vehicle Tax Receivable	20,026	-
Due from County - Taxes / Stormwater	17,440	2,952
ABC Board A/R	49,950	_
Returned Checks & Other Misc.Receivables	4,048	3,120
Franchise Tax Receivable	110,103	· -
Local Option Sales Tax Receivable	410,838	-
Other Grants	78,683	-
Total	\$ 750,187	\$ 736,265

#### Receivables - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The amount presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts.

Fund	(	6/30/21		
General Fund:				
Taxes Receivable	_\$	24,000		
Enterprise Funds:				
Water Fund		80,167		
Sewer Fund		28,357		
Sanitation Fund		44,436		
Total - Enterprise Funds	\$	152,959		

#### 4. Capital Assets

#### **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

				Increases		
·		Beginning		and		Ending
		Balances	A	Adjustments	Decreases	 Balances
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	318,182	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 318,182
Construction in Progress		358,445		966,046	1,064,000	 260,491
Total capital assets not being depreciated		676,627		966,046	1,064,000	578,673
Capital assets being depreciated	•				 	
Buildings		6,051,939		1,063,998	-	7,115,937
Infrastructure		2,269,820		-	-	2,269,820
Equipment & Furn. & Fixtures		2,852,147		119,336	-	2,971,483
Vehicles		4,433,203		172,407	 55,994	 4,549,616
Total capital assets being depreciated		15,607,109		1,355,741	55,994	16,906,856
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		1,650,670		140,204	-	1,790,874
Infrastructure		1,622,208		65,430	-	1,687,638
Equipment & Furn. & Fixtures		1,425,557		208,566	-	1,634,123
Vehicles		2,842,486		321,069	 55,994	 3,107,561
Total accumulated depreciation		7,540,921	\$	735,269	\$ 55,994	8,220,196
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		8,066,188				8,686,660
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	8,742,815				\$ 9,265,333

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 110,788
Public Safety	305,698
Transportation	144,985
Cultural & Recreational	173,797
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 735,269

#### Business-type activities:

#### Water Fund

	Beginning Balances	 ncreases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 34,131	\$ -	\$	- \$	34,131
Construction in Progress	 -	 -		-	_
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 34,131	 -		•	34,131
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Plant and distribution systems	6,013,210	-			6,013,210
Furniture, Maint Equip, & Vehicles	 354,894	 3,750			358,644
Total capital assets being depreciated	 6,368,104	3,750	-		6,371,854
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Plant and distribution systems	3,669,483	59,396	-		3,728,879
Furniture, Maint Equip, & Vehicles	 338,149	10,490	-		348,639
Total accumulated depreciation	 4,007,632	\$ 69,886	\$ -		4,077,518
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 2,360,472				2,294,336
Water fund capital assets, net	\$ 2,394,603			\$	2,328,467

Sewer	Funo	ı

<u>Sewer und</u>		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	171,887	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 171,887
Construction in Progress		115,287	1,020,548	-	1,135,835
Total capital assets not being depreciated		287,174	 1,020,548	-	 1,307,722
Capital assets being depreciated:					 
Plant and distribution systems		19,666,894	-	-	19,666,894
Furniture, Maint Equip, & Vehicles		1,420,176	1,000	-	1,421,176
Total capital assets being depreciated		21,087,070	 1,000	-	 21,088,070
Less accumulated depreciation for:					 
Plant and distribution systems		6,681,116	364,274	-	7,045,390
Furniture, Maint Equip, & Vehicles		1,070,935	54,483		1,125,418
Total accumulated depreciation	-	7,752,051	\$ 418,757	\$ -	8,170,808
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	***************************************	13,335,019			 12,917,262
Sewer fund capital assets, net	\$	13,622,193			\$ 14,224,984

#### Stormwater Fund

Capital assets not being depreciated: Land
Construction in Progress
Total capital assets not being depreciated
Capital assets being depreciated:
Plant and distribution systems
Furniture, Maint Equip, & Vehicles
Total capital assets being depreciated
Less accumulated depreciation for:
Plant and distribution systems
Furniture, Maint Equip, & Vehicles
Total accumulated depreciation
Total capital assets being depreciated, net
Stormwater fund capital assets, net

#### Sanitation Fund

Capital assets not being depreciated:
Construction in Progress
Total capital assets not being depreciated
Capital assets being depreciated:
Plant and distribution systems
Furniture, Maint Equip, & Vehicles
Total capital assets being depreciated
Less accumulated depreciation for:
Plant and distribution systems
Furniture, Maint Equip, & Vehicles
Total accumulated depreciation
Total capital assets being depreciated, net
Sanitation fund capital assets, net
Business-type activities capital assets, net

	Beginning Balances		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
\$		\$		\$		\$	
Ψ	-	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	15,000
	-		15,000		_		15,000
	400,000		94,772		-		494,772
	60,384	_	52,549		_		112,933
	460,384		147,321		-		607,705
	5,000		10,527		-		15,527
	5,760		17,332		-		23,092
	10,760	\$	27,858	\$	-		38,618
	449,624						569,087
\$	449,624					\$	584,087

	Beginning Balances	Increases	 Decreases	 Ending Balances
\$	-	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
	-	 -	 _	
	-		 -	-
			-	-
	111,720	 3,750	 _	 115,470
	111,720	 3,750	 _	 115,470
	-	-	-	-
	34,744	 20,332	 -	 55,076
	34,744	\$ 20,332	\$ -	55,076
	76,976			 60,394
\$	76,976			\$ 60,394
_\$_	16,543,396			\$ 17,197,932

#### **Construction Commitments**

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2021. Commitment with contractors are as follows.

Mollies Branch Phase I Sewer Construction

Paid to Date Remaining
\$ 1,038,586 \$ 117,424

#### B. - Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations
- a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Whiteville is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Whiteville employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Whiteville's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.84% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.22% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Whiteville were \$333,252 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions. City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$1,719,175 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportion was .04811% (measured as of June 30, 2020), which was an increase of .00291% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020 (measured as of June 30, 2019).

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$577,420. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 217,102	\$ -		
Changes of assumptions	127,940	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	241,928	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	26,242	24,736		
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	333,252	-		
Total	\$ 946,464	\$ 24,736		

\$333,252 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 161,224
2023	217,502
2024	138,150
2025	71,600
2026	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 588,476

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent Salary Increases 3.50 percent

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan actuary currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2021 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

		1%	Discount	1%
	İ	Decrease	Rate	Increase
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,488,019 \$	1,719,175	\$ 249,141

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position.</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

#### b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

#### 1. Plan Description.

The City of Whiteville administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

The Separation Allowance covers all full-time law enforcement officers of the City. At December 31, 2020, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees Receiving Benefits	3
Terminated plan members entitled to but no yet receiving benefits	0
Active Plan Members	24
Total	27

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

#### 3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	1.93 percent

The discount rate is the weekly average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index determined at the end of each month.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

#### Mortality Rate

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

Deaths Before Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

#### 4. Contributions.

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$19,639 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a total pension liability of \$726,584. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$91,215.

		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	217,671	\$	71,331	
Changes of assumptions		197,151		6,907	
City benefit payments and plan administrative expense made subse	quent to				
the measurement date	•	9,819		-	
Total	\$	424,641	\$	78,238	

\$9,819 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 62,737
2023	63,172
2024	73,734
2025	85,922
2026	51,019
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 336,584

Sensitivity of the City's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (0.93 percent) or one percentage point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Discount	1%
	De	ecrease		Rate	Increase
	((	0.93%)		(1.93%)	 (2.93%)
Total pension liability	\$	790,388	\$	726,584	\$ 668,374

### Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning Balance	\$	216,654
Service Cost		31,947
Interest on the total pension liability		6,743
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the		
total pension liability	,	265,198
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		225,681
Benefit payments		(19,639)
Other changes		-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	726,584

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.26 percent at June 30, 2019 (measurement date) to 1.93 percent at June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five year period ending December 31, 2019.

#### Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	 LGERS	LEOSSA	 Total
Pension Expense (Revenue)	\$ 577,420	\$ 91,215	\$ 668,635
Pension Liability	1,719,175	726,584	2,445,759
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.04811%	n/a	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	217,102	217,671	434,773
Changes of assumptions	127,940	197,151	325,091
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	241,928	-	241,928
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	26,242	-	26,242
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement date	333,252	9,819	343,071
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	71,331	71,331
Changes of assumptions	-	6,907	6,907
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	24,736	-	24,736

#### c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Law Enforcement Officers and Non-Law)

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes the pension trust financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$81,240, which consisted of \$58,385 from the City and \$22,855 from law enforcement officers. The City has also elected to contribute four and one half a percent of general employees' salaries to the plan on their behalf. General employees may also make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for general employees for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$149,701, which consisted of \$90,880 from the City and \$58,821 from general employees.

#### e. Other Postemployment Benefit

#### Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefits healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Government Employees' Retirement System and have at least 20 years of creditable service with the City for all employees hired prior to June 8, 2010. The City adopted an amendment to the plan that offers healthcare benefits to retirees hired after June 8, 2010 at the following percentages: after 20 years of service, the City will pay 25%; after 25 years of service, the City will pay 50%; after 30 years of service, the City will pay 75%, and after 35 years of service, the City will pay 100%. The City pays the cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. Also, the City's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. The City Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	19
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active Plan Members	59
Total	78

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$2,215,480 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	
General Employees	3.50% - 7.75%
Firefighters	3.50 % -7.75%
Law Enforcement Officers	3.50% - 7.35%
Discount rate	2.21%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	7.00% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2026
Medicare	5.00% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2021

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Bond Buyer.

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at July 1, 2020	\$ 1,707,692
Changes for the year	
Service Cost	67,569
Interest	61,350
Changes in benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	429
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	423,629
Benefit payments	(45,189)
Other	-
Net Changes	 507,788
Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2021	\$ 2,215,480

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.50% to 2.21%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generation mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014, adopted by the LGERS Board.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21%) and 1-percentage-point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		(1.21%)		(2.21%)		(3.21%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,653,697	\$	2,215,480	\$	1,875,861

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower and 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,838,617	\$	2,215,480	\$	2,719,961	

#### OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$9,846. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,562	\$	800,370	
Changes of assumptions		384,928		236,035	
Benefit payments and administrative costs made subsequent to the				,	
measurement date		44,623		-	
Total	\$	1,468,518	\$	1,036,405	

\$44,623 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (118,313)
2023	(118,313)
2024	(118,313)
2025	(118,313)
2026	(118,313)
Thereafter	(57,350)

#### 2. Other Employment Benefit

The City has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through One America. The City pays the premiums to provide employees life insurance in the amount of one times their annual salary. The City also provides \$15,000 of life insurance coverage for department head retirees adn \$5,000 of life insurance coverage for all other retirees.

#### 3. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

The City has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source	 Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 333,252
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for LEOSSA	9,819
Benefit payments and administrative expenses for OPEB made subsequent to measurement date	44,623
Differences between expected and actual experience	
LGERS	217,102
LEOSSA	217,671
OPEB	2,562
Changes of assumptions	
LGERS	127,940
LEOSSA	197,151
OPEB	384,928
Net difference between projected and actual	
LGERS	241,928
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	
LGERS	26,242
Total	\$ 1,803,220

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

Prepaid taxes (General Fund)	\$ 360
Taxes Receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	64,851
Differences between expected and actual experience	
LGERS	_
LEOSSA	71,331
OPEB	800,370
Changes of assumptions	
LGERS	-
LEOSSA	6,907
OPEB	236,035
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate	
share of contributions	
LGERS	 24,736
Total	\$ 1,204,589

#### 4 Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$5 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for clams in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance and excess policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the City upon request.

The City carries flood insurance through the North Carolina League of Municipalities. The City has areas that have been mapped and designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as not being in a flood zone and some are in a flood zone. The City's insurance carrier will provide coverage for those areas in the flood zones B, C, and X, but no coverage is provided for property located in the other flood zones. The City does not have any additional insurance to cover this damage should it occur.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, The City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$100,000. The remaining employees are that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

#### 5. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

As of June 30, 2021, the City was not involved in any civil or legal actions which in the opinion of management and the City's attorney, would have an adverse or material effect on the City's financial position.

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations

#### a. Capital Leases

The City has entered several agreements to lease vehicles. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

There are two outstanding lease agreements. The first agreement was executed on July 23, 2019 to lease two vehicles and requires three annual payments of \$23,926 including interest of 7.75%. The second agreement was executed on August 23, 2019 to lease equipment to upfit the two new police vehicles and requires three annual payments of \$8,564, including interest of 7.75%. Title passes to the City at the end of the lease term.

The following is an analysis of the assets recorded under capital leases at June 30, 2021:

Classes of Property		Cost	 cumulated preciation	Net Book Value
Vehicles - Governmental	_\$_	90,627	\$ 33,230	\$ 57,397
Total	\$	90,627	\$ 33,230	\$ 57,397

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payment as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	<u>Gov</u>	<u>ernmental</u>	<u>Enterprise</u>
2022	\$	32,503	-
2023		-	-
2024		-	-
Total Minimum Lease Payments		32,503	-
Less: Amount representing interest		(3,432)	_
Present value of the minimum lease payments	\$	29,071 \$	-

#### b. Installment Loans

#### Serviced by Governmental Activities:

\$540,000 direct placement loan with BB&T issued for the purchase of a Rescue Pumper Fire Truck on August 14, 2013. Annual installments of \$47,320, including interest at 3.630% are due in 15 payments. Final payment is scheduled for August 2028. The equipment stands as collateral for the loan. In the event of default, the lender may: (a) declare the unpaid principal immediately due and payable; (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the performance of the covenants of the agreement or to recover for the breach thereof; (c) require the lender to pay over any balance remaining in the project fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner the lender may reasonably deem appropriate; and (d) avail itself of all available remedies under the agreement.

323,518

\$520,000 direct placement loan with BB&T issued for improvements to Nolan Park fitness center and recreation complex on July 13, 2015. Annual installments of \$34,667, including interest at 2.87% are due in 15 payments. Final payment is scheduled for July, 2031. The equipment stands as collateral for the loan. In the event of default, the lender may: (a) declare the unpaid principal immediately due and payable; (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the performance of the covenants of the agreement or to recover for the breach thereof; (c) require the lender to pay over any balance remaining in the project fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner the lender may reasonably deem appropriate; and (d) avail itself of all available remedies under the agreement.

346,667

\$2,000,000 direct placement loan with BB&T issued for building the new Town Hall on March 13, 2018. Annual installments of \$200,000, plus interest at 3.01% are due in 10 annual payments. Final payment is scheduled for March 2028. The building stands as collateral for the loan. In the event of default, the lender may withdraw any balance remaining in the project fund and apply the balance against outstanding required payments.

1,400,000

\$688,000 direct placement loan with First Bank issued for purchasing a fire truck on February 3, 2020. Annual payments of \$53,484 including interest at 2.15% are due in 15 annual payments. Final payment is scheduled for June 2034. The equipment stands as collateral for the loan. In the event of default, the lender may: (a) declare the entire principal amount of the Installment Payments and all accrued interest and other charges immediately due and payable without notice or demand to the City; (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance of the covenants of the contract; or (c) pursue any other remedy available at law or equity to the Bank.

598,690

\$950,000 direct placement loan with First Bank issued for building the ABC Store construction on June 5, 2020. Annual installments of \$63,333, plus interest at 2.08% are due in 15 annual payments. Final payment is scheduled for June 2035. The Building stands as collateral for the loan. In the event of default, the lender may: (a) declare the entire principal amount of the Installment Payments and all accrued interest and other charges immediately due and payable without notice or demand to the City; (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance of the covenants of the contract; or (c) pursue any other remedy available at law or equity to the Bank.

950,000

\$57,000 direct placement loan with KS State Bank revolving loan issued for purchase of Fire Department equipment on June 23, 2020. Annual installments of \$12,806, including interest at 2.08% are due in 5 annual payments. Final payment is scheduled for July 2025. The City requested and received \$20,537 as of June 30, 2021. The equipment stands as collateral for the loan. In the event of default, the lender may: (a) declare the entire principal amount of the Installment Payments and all accrued interest and other charges immediately due and payable without notice or demand to the City; (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance of the covenants of the contract; or (c) pursue any other remedy available at law or equity to the Bank.

20,537

\$156,054 direct placement loan with First Bank issued for purchase of three police trucks on August 11, 2020. Annual installments of \$53,409 including interest at 2.39% are due in 3 annual payments. Final payment is scheduled for June 2023. The vehicles stands as collateral for the loan. In the event of default, the lender may: (a) declare the entire principal amount of the Installment Payments and all accrued interest and other charges immediately due and payable without notice or demand to the City; (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance of the covenants of the contract; or (c) pursue any other remedy available at law or equity to the Bank.

103,841

Total Serviced by Governmental Activities

3,743,252

#### Serviced by the Enterprise Funds:

#### Note Payable - North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan Proceeds

\$2,200,000 direct borrowing agreement with NC Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan, issued for wastewater treatment plant improvements. Principal installments are due annually on May 1 with a semiannual interest payment due on May 1 and November 1, at an interest rate of 2.27%. This note is not secured by a pledge of the faith and credit of the State of North Carolina or of the City, but is payable solely from the revenues of the project or benefited systems, or other available funds. The City agrees that any other monies due to them from the State may be withheld by the State and applied to the payment of this obligation whenever the City fails to pay any amount of principal or interest on this note when due.

157,143

#### Note Payable - North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan Proceeds

\$2,250,000 direct borrowing agreement with NC Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan, issued for wastewater treatment plant improvements. Principal installments are due annually on May 1 with a semiannual interest payment due on May 1 and November 1, at an interest rate of 2.265%. This note is not secured by a pledge of the faith and credit of the State of North Carolina or of the City, but is payable solely from the revenues of the project or benefited systems, or other available funds. The City agrees that any other monies due to them from the State may be withheld by the State and applied to the payment of this obligation whenever the City fails to pay any amount of principal or interest on this note when due.

162,245

#### Note Payable - North Carolina Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Proceeds

\$462,104 direct borrowing agreement with NC Drinking Water Revolving Loan issued for a well replacement project. Principal installments in the amount of \$11,183 are due annually on May 1. In July 2013, the City was awarded ARRA funds to refinance the loan, which reduced the principal to \$201,288 and reduced the interest rate to 0%. This note is not secured by a pledge of the faith and credit of the State of North Carolina or of the City, but is payable solely from the revenues of the project or benefited systems, or other available funds. The City agrees that any other monies due to them from the State may be withheld by the State and applied to the payment of this obligation whenever the City fails to pay any amount of principal or interest on this note when due

111,817

\$50,946 direct placement loan with First Bank issued for purchase of one truck for storm water on August 11, 2020. Annual installments of \$17,803 including interest at 2.39% are due in 3 annual payments. Final payment is scheduled for June 2023. The vehicle stands as collateral for the loan. In the event of default, the lender may: (a) declare the entire principal amount of the Installment Payments and all accrued interest and other charges immediately due and payable without notice or demand to the City; (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance of the covenants of the contract; or (c) pursue any other remedy available at law or equity to the Bank.

33,542

\$1,015,090 revolving loan with NC DEQ issued to fund a sanitary sewer project on September 11, 2020. Annual payments of \$55,779 without interest are due in 20 annual payments. Final payment is scheduled for May 2041. This note is not secured by a pledge of the faith and credit of the State of North Carolina or of the City, but is payable solely from the revenues of the project or benefited systems, or other available funds. The City agrees that any other monies due to them from the State may be withheld by the State and applied to the payment of this obligation whenever the City fails to pay any amount of principal or interest on this note when due.

1,015,090

\$600,000 direct placement loan with BB&T issued to purchase water/sewer equipment on October 10, 2019. Annual payments of \$157,689 including interest at 2.03% are due in 4 annual payments. Final payment is scheduled for October 2023. The equipment stands as collateral for the loan. In the event of default, the lender may: (a) declare the unpaid principal immediately due and payable; (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the performance of the covenants of the agreement or to recover for the breach thereof; (c) require the lender to pay over any balance remaining in the project fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner the lender may reasonably deem appropriate; and (d) avail itself of all available remedies under the agreement.

454,491

Total Serviced by Enterprise Funds

\$ 1,934,328

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's Governmental activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total Debt			
Ended	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2022	\$ 435,778	\$	101,539	\$	551,385	\$	17,195	\$	987,163	\$	118,734	
2023	438,725		89,333		235,407		6,618		674,132		95,951	
2024	378,369		77,066		221,513		3,137		599,882		80,203	
2025	380,662		65,969		66,961				447,623		65,969	
2026	383,026		54,784		66,961		_		449,987		54,784	
2027-2031	1,256,824		127,938		334,798		-		1,591,622		127,938	
2032-2036	469,868		26,669		278,894		-		748,762		26,669	
2036-2041	-		-		178,409				178,409		·	
Total	\$ 3,743,252	\$	543,298	\$	1,934,328	\$	26,950	\$	5,677,580	\$	570,248	

#### c. Changes in Long - Term Liabilities

	Balance July 01, 2020			Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2021		Current Portion Balance	
Governmental Activities: Direct placement and borrowing installment agreements	\$	3,928,547	\$	176,591	\$	361,885	\$	3,743,253	\$	435,778	
Capital Leases		58,137		-		29,066		29,071		_	
Total OPEB liability		1,149,234		341,728		· _		1,490,962		==	
Net pension liability (LGERS)		882,448		346,579		-		1,229,027		-	
Net pension liability (LEOSSA)		216,654		509,930		-		726,584		-	
Compensated Absences		225,548		31,944				257,492		_	
Governmental activity  Long term liabilities	_\$	6,460,568	\$	1,406,772	\$	390,951	\$	7,476,389	\$	435,778	
Business-type Activities: Water Fund											
Direct Borrowing Installment Agreement	\$	123,000	\$	**	\$	11,183	\$	111,817	\$	11,183	
Net pension liability (LGERS)		102,271		40,166		-		142,437		_	
Total OPEB liability		197,068		58,598		-		255,666		-	
Compensated Absences		3,583		2,677				6,260			

#### Sewer Fund

Direct Borrowing Installment Agreement	1,238,776	1,015,090	464,897	1,788,969	204,242
Net pension liability (LGERS)	164,741	64,704	-	229,445	_
Total OPEB liability	242,492	72,106	-	314,598	-
Compensated Absences	49,620	_	3,025	46,595	
Sanitation Fund					
Net pension liability (LGERS)	50,259	19,739	_	69,998	_
Total OPEB liability	69,162	20,565	_	89,727	
Stormwater Fund					
Direct Borrowing Installment Agreement	-	50,946	17,404	33,542	16,573
Net pension liability (LGERS)	34,657	13,611		48,268	-
Total OPEB liability	49,737	14,789		64,526	-
Compensated Absences	2,696	5,359		8,055	_
Business-type activity					
long term liabilities	\$ 2,328,062 \$	1,378,350 \$	496,509 \$	3,209,903 \$	231,998

At June 30, 2021, the City had a legal debt margin of \$33,554,796.

#### C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

#### Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Mollie Branch Grant Fund Ph. I	\$ 12,298
General Fund	Mollie Branch Grant Fund Ph. II	13,500
General Fund	Stormwater Fund	95,000
General Fund	Sewer Fund	170,000
Sanitation	General Fund	(60,000)
Water Fund	General Fund	(84,361)
General Fund	CARES ACT Fund	(380)
General Fund	Vineland Station Fund	(20,000)
General Fund	AFG Covid-19 Fund	(2,782)
General Fund	Parks Construction Fund	(140,000)
General Fund	Duke Energy Fund	(569)
Sewer Fund	FEMA AFG Grant Fund	(8,861)
		\$ (26,155)

The interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Transfer from Hurricane Matthew Recovery Fund to General Fund - to transfer the remaining fund balance	\$	62,641
Transfer from General Fund to WDDC Tax Fund - to provide fund for salary expenditures		52,000
Transfer from General Fund to AFG Covid-19 Fund - to provide fund for supply purchases		1,582
Transfer from General Fund to Parks Pedestrian Bridge Construction Fund - to provide fund for construction expense	ction	199,563
Transfer from City Hall Construction Fund to General Fund - to transfer the remaining fund balance		170
Transfer from Sewer Fund to General Fund - to transfer the fund balance		124,080
Transfer from Sewer Fund to Sewer Study Fund - to provide fund for expenditures		7,500
Transfer from Sewer Fund to Mollies Branch Ph. 1 Fund - to provide fund for construction expenses		94,947
Transfer from General Fund to Downtown Storm Water Construction Fund - to provide fund for construction expense	tion	28,225
Total Transfers	\$	570.708

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided matching funds for various grant programs.

#### D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	G	<u>overnmental</u>	<u>Bı</u>	<u>usiness-type</u>
Capital Assets	\$	9,265,333	\$	17,197,932
less: long-term debt		3,772,324		1,934,328
plus: unspent bond proceeds		-		•
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,493,009	\$	15,263,605

#### E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 3,359,641
Less:	
Prepaid Expenses	-
Stabilization by State Statute	1,467,582
Street - Powell Bill	214,930
USDA Reserve	-
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2022 budget	-
Working Capital/Fund Balance Policy	-
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 1,677,129

#### NOTE 4: Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

#### NOTE 5: Restatement

The City reported a loan in previous years that was split between the Water Fund (30%) and the Sewer Fund (70%). They decided to pay 100% of the loan from the Sewer Fund, so a restatement was recorded to reflect 100% of the liability including accrued interest from the Water Fund to the Sewer Fund.

#### NOTE 6: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 22, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### ARP COVID Funds

The City received \$844,388.88 out of \$1,688,788.00 in August 2021 from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. These funds are COVID-19 relief funds and the City's intent is to use them for various qualifying capital outlay items and projects.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
- · Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina City of Whiteville's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years\*

#### **Local Government Employees' Retirement System**

	2021	2020	2019	2018
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.04811%	0.04520%	0.04457%	0.05047%
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,719,175	\$ 1,234,377	\$ 1,057,353	\$ 771,042
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,037,975	\$ 3,014,762	\$ 2,770,507	\$ 2,747,989
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	56.59%	40.94%	38.16%	28.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	88.61%	90.86%	92.00%	94.18%
	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.04803%	0.05282%	0.04803%	0.04850%
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,019,358	\$ 237,053	\$ (283,255)	\$ 584,611
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,567,451	\$ 2,431,308	\$ 2,387,209	\$ 2,298,610
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	39.70%	9.75%	-11.87%	25.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina City of Whiteville's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

### **Local Government Employees' Retirement System**

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 333,252	\$ 280,299	\$ 242,630	\$ 215,529
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	333,252	280,299	242,630	215,529
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,196,382	\$ 3,037,975	\$ 3,014,762	\$ 2,770,507
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.43%	9.23%	8.05%	7.78%
	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 206,837	\$ 176,546	\$ 174,463	\$ 170,382
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	206,837	176,546	174,463	170,382
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$2,747,989	\$ 2,567,451	\$ 2,431,308	\$ 2,387,209
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.53%	6.88%	7.18%	7.14%

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Five Fiscal Years\*

Posinning Release	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning Balance	\$ 216,654	\$ 207,783	\$ 273,960	\$ 330,342	\$ 328,706
Service Cost	31,947	20,973	19,766	19,188	20,906
Interest on the total pension liability	6,743	7,247	8,400	12,326	11,356
Changes of benefit terms	•	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	265,198	(9,720)	(69,194)	(85,640)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	225,681	7,761	(8,871)	19,774	(9,386)
Benefit payments	(19,639)	(17,390)	(16,278)	(22,030)	(21,240)
Other changes	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			_
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 726,584	\$ 216,654	\$ 207,783	\$ 273,960	\$ 330,342

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Five Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 726,584	\$216,654	\$ 207,783	\$ 273,960	\$ 330,342
Covered payroll	\$ 1,147,970	\$ 926,581	\$ 882,041	\$ 829,890	851,737
Total pension liability as a percentage of payroll	63.29%	23.38%	23.56%	33.01%	38.78%

Notes to the schedules:

The City of Whiteville has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

## City of Whiteville, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Four Fiscal Years

<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>		2021	 2020	 2019		2018
Service Cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	67,569 61,350 -	\$ 116,869 99,456 -	\$ 123,618 90,200	9	78,733
		429	(1,058,970)	1,667		1,903
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments Other Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	423,629 (45,189) - 507,788	 17,232 (46,759) - (872,172)	 (142,771) (52,661) 	\$	(250,702) (49,675) 
Total OPEB Liability - beginning Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ \$	1,707,692 2,215,480	 2,579,864 1,707,692	 2,559,811		2,640,358 2,559,811
Covered payroll  Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered	\$	2,396,135	\$ 2,396,135	\$ 2,757,830	\$	2,757,830
payroll		92.46%	71.27%	93.55%		92.82%

#### Notes to the Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal year	Rate
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3 56%



#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			2021		
					Variance
		Final	A -4 1	,	Positive
		Budget	 Actual		Negative)
Revenues					
Ad Valorem taxes:					
Taxes	\$	2,498,096	\$ 2,439,065	\$	(59,031)
Penalties and interest	***	12,238	 14,621		2,383
Total		2,510,334	 2,453,686		(56,648)
Other taxes and licenses:					
Assessments		400	100		(300)
In Lieu of Taxes		6,180	7,885		1,705
Privilege license		700	650		(50)
Total		7,280	 8,635		1,355
Unrestricted intergovernmental:					
Beer and Wine Tax		22,723	21,564		(1,159)
Court Cost and Fees		1,200	1,809		609
Hold Harmless		244,610	307,771		63,161
Local Option Sales Tax		1,050,342	1,197,967		147,625
ABC Profit Distribution		49,212	35,008		(14,204)
Telecommunications Tax		54,579	48,364		(6,215)
Video Franchise Fee		37,140	40,825		3,685
Utilities Sales Tax & Piped Natural Gas Sales Tax		443,870	417,348		(26,522)
Total		1,903,676	 2,070,656		166,980
Restricted intergovernmental revenues:					
ABC Revenue - Law Enforcement		6,000	11,441		5,441
ABC Revenue - Fire		5,820	3,501		(2,319)
Controlled Substance Tax		200	847		647
Christmas Cops		2,700	1,110		(1,590)
Waste Disposal Tax		4,452	3,844		(608)
Reimbursement Whiteville City Schools		105,636	122,949		17,313
Powell Bill allocation		117,431	146,980		29,549
Total		242,239	290,672		48,433
ermits and fees:					
Building Permits		25,000	17,624		(7,376)
Inspection Fees		16,642	20.246		3,604
Total		41,642	37,870		(3,772)
ales and Services:					
Concessions		-	2,894		2,894
Emergency Services		5,035	8,359		3,324
Fire Protection Fees		13,130	18,929		5,799
Recreation Department Fees & Insurance Pymts.		19,625	15,469		(4,156)
Total		37,790	 45,651		7,861

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Final Budget	2021 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other Revenue Insurance recovery Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total	2,138 52,962 15,758 70,858	21,829 1,323 15,987 39,139	19,691 (51,639) 229 (31,719)
Total Revenues	\$ 4,813,819	\$ 4,946,309	\$ 132,490
Expenditures			
General Government: Governing body: Salaries and employee benefits Professional services Operating expenditures Total	\$ 13,150 58 4,979 18,187	\$ 11,201 60 1,008 12,269	\$ 1,949 (2) 3,971 5,918
Administration: Salaries and employee benefits Professional services Operating expenditures Capital outlay	255,367 23,000 72,666	259,340 16,612 61,956 1,963	(3,973) 6,388 10,710 (1,963)
Total	351,033	339,871	11,162
Public Buildings: Operating expenditures	80,000	79,699	301
Total	80,000	79,699	301
Total general government	449,220	431,839	17,381
Public safety: Police department: Salaries and employee benefits Professional services Operating expenditures Capital outlay Total	1,795,942 67,846 222,661 156,054 2,242,503	1,699,792 76,920 226,961 210,534 2,214,207	96,150 (9,074) (4,300) (54,480) 28,296
Fire and rescue: Salaries and employee benefits Professional services Operating expenditures Capital outlay Total	648,324 26,710 205,686 70,000 950,720	603,163 30,342 187,992 41,069 862,566	45,161 (3,632) 17,694 28,931 88,154

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2021	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Planning:			
Salaries and employee benefits	93,939	98,179	(4,240
Professional services	19,376	18,330	1,046
Operating expenditures	12,989	8,172	4,817
Total	126,304	124,681	1,623
Safety			
Salaries and employee benefits	102,326	102,056	270
Professional services	14,194	6,402	7,792
Operating expenditures	8,476	8,623	(147
Capital outlay	-	3,281	(3,281
Total	124,996	120,362	4,634
Inspections			
Salaries and employee benefits	107,349	87,674	19,675
Professional services	8,792	19,372	(10,580
Operating expenditures	22,136	19,233	2,903
Total	138,277	126,279	11,998
Total public safety	3,582,800	3,448,095	134,705
ansportation:			
Streets and highways:			
Salaries and employee benefits	161,759	147,395	14,364
Operating expenditures	147,168	147,447	(279)
Professional services	10,317	12,556	(2,239)
Maintenance - sidewalks	25,000	-	25,000
Maintenance - streets	25,000	25,000	· <u>-</u>
Capital outlay	-	361	(361)
Total	369,244	332,759	36,485
Garage:			
Professional services	7,375	8,204	(829)
Operating expenditures	53,870	52,743	1,127
Total	61,245	60,947	298
Total transportation	430,489	393,706	36,783

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				2021		
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Cultural & Recreational:		¥				
Parks and recreation:						
Salaries and employee benefits		277,168		201,755		75,413
Professional services		17,462		32,055		(14,593)
Operating expenditures		99,665		118,396		(18,731)
Chamber of Commerce donation		4,000		4,000		-
Columbus County Arts Council		350		350		-
Dream Center donation		750		750		
Capital Outlay		-		13,734		(13,734)
Total cultural and recreation		399,395		371,040		28,355
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement		492,354		390,951		101,403
Interest and fees		98,615		89,523		9,092
Total debt service		590,969		480,474		110,495
Total expenditures	_\$_	5,452,873	\$	5,125,154	\$	327,719
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_\$_	(639,054)	\$	(178,845)	_\$_	460,209
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfer to WDDC Fund	\$	(52,000)	\$	(52,000)	\$	_
Transfer to Phase II Stormwater	•	(28,225)	•	(28,225)	•	_
Transfer from Hurricane Matthew Recovery Fund		62,641		62,641		-
Transfer from Sewer Fund		124,080		124,080		_
Transfer to NCDEQ Water Asset		(7,500)				7,500
Transfer to AFG Covid-19 Grant Fund		(1,582)		(1,582)		- ,,,,,,
Transfer to West Side Park Bridge Fund		(199,563)		(199,563)		_
Lease and Installment Loan Proceeds		226,054		176,591		(49,463)
Appropriated Fund Balance		515,148		170,551		(515,148)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	639,054	\$	81,942	\$	(557,112)
let change in fund balance	\$	_		(96,903)	\$	(96,903)
und balance:						
Beginning of year, July 1				3,456,542		
End of year, June 30			\$	3,359,641		

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - ABC Store Building Construction Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Actual			. \	/ariance
	Bud	_		Prior		Current		Total	ا ا	Positive
_	Authori	zation		Years	-	Years		to Date	(N	legative)
Revenues:										
ABC Board Contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Misc. Revenue		-		144		1,646		1,790		1,790
Total revenues		-		144		1,646		1,790		1,790
Expenditures:										
Land Acquisition	218	3,000		218,002		-		218,002		(2)
Design and Construction Management	98	3,500		84,504		17,336		101,840		(3,340)
Building Cost	940	0,000		2,463		942,150		944,613		(4,613)
Soil Testing & Surveying	20	,500		10,987		5,061		16,048		4,452
Equipment & Furnishings		_		-		-		· <u>-</u>		· -
Misc. Expense		-		-		100		100		(100)
Contingency	5	,000		-		1,400		1,400		3,600
Total expenditures	1,282	,000		315,956		966,047		1,282,003		(3)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,282	,000)		(315,812)		(964,401)	(1	1,280,213)		1,787
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfer from General Fund		-		-		-		_		_
NCDOT Proceeds	332	,000		332,000				332,000		_
Loan Proceeds	950	000		950,000		-		950,000		_
Total Other Sources (Uses)	1,282,	000	1,	282,000		-	1	,282,000		
Revenues and Other Sources										
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$	966,188		(964,401)	\$	1,787	\$	1,787
Fund balances:										-
Beginning of year, July 1						966,190				
End of year, June 30					\$	1,789				

City of Whiteville, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

Exhibit C-1

	JUUM	o coint	Ľ		Special	Special Revenue				
Assets	Tax	Matthew Recovery	Firehouse Subs Grant	FEMA AFG Grant	HMGP Property Acquisition	Hurricane Dorian Recovery	CARES	Vineland Station	AFG Covid-19 Grant	Hurricane Florence Recovery
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes Receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Restricted cash Total assets	\$ 50,021 414 5 - \$ 50,440		ь м	\$ 9,191	\$ 34,821	\$ 18,653 3,731 \$ 22,384	\$ 7,732 	\$ 2,682 - 67 5,400 \$ 8,149	\$ 272	\$ 137,874 74,952 - \$ 212,826
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Security Deposits Unspent CARES Act Funding Total liabilities	8 8 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ω	ь	8,861	· · · ·   ·   ·   ·   ·   ·   ·   ·   ·	· · · ·   ·   ·   ·	\$ 380 5,364 5,744	\$ 640 20,000 5,400 -	\$ 2,782	ω
Deferred inflows of resources Fund balances: Restricted	414	1	1		1	1	1	1	ı	ı
Economic Development Assigned WDDC Tax Eurol	1 6	ŧ	ı	ı	,	1	ı	•	•	1
Hurricane Recovery Public Safety Economic Development Cultural & Recreational	49,213 - - -			330	34,821	22,384	1,988		1 1 1 1	212,826
Capital Outlay Unassigned	t i	1 .	<b>†</b> f 1	<b>1 1</b>		1 1	1 1		1 1 6	
rotal fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 50 440	'   •	•		34,821	22,384	1,988	(17,891)	(2,510)	212,826
	100	÷	- Э	\$ 9,191	\$ 34,821	\$ 22,384	\$ 7,732	\$ 8,149	\$ 272	\$ 212,826

City of Whiteville, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

				Capital Projects				
Assets	Construction	Parks Construction Fund	HMGP Generator	Downtown WIFI Project	Duke Energy Grant	Downtown Master Plan	Parks Pedestrian Bridge	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes Receivable Due from other governments	 ↔	\$ 235,000	\$ - 11.185	98 \$	↔ 	ι ι <del>()</del>	\$ 199,563	\$ 714,614
Due from other tunds Restricted cash Total assets	· ' '	\$ 235,000	\$ 11,185	000'98 \$	ь	σ	- - - \$ 199,563	108,543 - 5,400 \$ 828,971
Liabilities and fund balances								
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued	•							
Due to other funds Security Deposits	ı ı ÷	\$ 140,000	и и	<i>↔</i>	\$ 569	· ·	ι ι <del>()</del>	\$ 1,453
Unspent CARES Act Funding Total liabilities		140,000		1 1 1		1 1	1 1	5,364 5,364
Deferred inflows of resources		1			'		-	184,809
Fund balances: Restricted							1	414
Economic Development Assigned	t	j	1	ı	ı	ı	199 563	100 562
WDDC Tax Fund	•	r	1	•	1	1		36,000
Public Safety	, ,		1	•	t	ı		49,213 235,210
Economic Development	1		1 1	•	•	1	ı	2,318
Cultural & Recreational Capital Outland	t	95,000	•		1 1	1 1	1	34,821
Unassigned			11,185	36,000	839	•		93,000 48.024
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund		95,000	11,185	36,000	839	1	199,563	(20,401)
balances	σ	\$ 235,000	\$ 11,185	\$ 36,000	\$ 1,408	٠ ج	\$ 199,563	\$ 828,971

City of Whiteville, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit C-2

	JUUM	1	-		Special Revenue	evenue				
Revenues:	Tax	Matthew Recovery	Firehouse Subs Grant	FEMA AGF Grant	HMGP Property Acquisition	Hurricane Dorian Recovery	CARES	Vineland Station	AFG Covid-19 Grant	Hurricane Florence Recovery
Ad Valorem taxes Restricted intergovernmental Other Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 27,013	ω	7,506	\$ 120,000	\$ 77,098	3,731	136,933	\$ 5,025	φ.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Expenditures:					000	10/6	130,933	5,025	1	•
General government Public safety Economic and physical development	- - - 69 146		1 1	<b>,</b> 1	1 1	, ,	134,945	1,848	4.092	
Transportation					41,276	1 1	•	11,020	,	1
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	69,146	1	7,506	136,170	41.276		134 945	18,200	' '	, ,
Revenues over expenditures	(38,768)	,	1	(16,170)	35,822	3.731	1988	(26.043)	4,092	•
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer (to) from General Fund	52,000	(62,641)	•	1	,	-	}	(25)	(760,4)	ı
Loan Proceeds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	52,000	(62,641)	1		*		1 1		1,582	1 1
Net Change in Fund Balance	13,233	(62,641)	1	(16,170)	35,821	3,731	1,988	(26,042)	1,582	1
Fund balance, beginning	35,980	62,641		16,500	(1,000)	18,653	*	8,151		212,826
والمعاقدة والمالة	\$ 49,213	\$	φ.	\$ 330	\$ 34,821	\$ 22,384	\$ 1,988	\$ (17,891)	\$ (2,510)	\$212,826

City of Whiteville, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit C-2

	City Hall Construction	Parks Construction Fund	HMGP	Capital Projects Downtown WIFI	Duke Energy	Downtown Master	Parks Pedestrian	Total Nonmajor Governmental
Kevenues:				1200	Clant	Plan	Bridge	Funds
Ad Valorem taxes Restricted intergovernmental Other Revenue Total Revenues	ь		\$ 176,886 - 176,886	ω	ω	44,200	 <del>С</del>	\$ 27,013 566,354 8,390
Expenditures: General government								/6/100
Public safety	i i	1 (	1 1	Ī	1	1	ı	1,848
Economic and physical development Transportation	1 1	1 1	1 3		. ,	44,200	t 1	139,037 165,642
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		•	1	14,000	33,217			- 209 093
į				14,000	33,217	44,200	e e	515,620
Revenues over expenditures	ì	,	176,886	(14,000)	(33,217)	ı		86.137
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer (to) from General Fund Loan Proceeds	(170)	,	•	1	•		199,563	190,334
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(170)						100 582	- 00000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(170)	ı	176,886	(14,000)	(33,217)	ı	199,563	276,472
Fund balance, beginning	170	95,000	(165,701)	50,000	34,056	,		367,276
	·	\$ 95,000	\$ 11,185	\$ 36,000	\$ 839	<del>С</del>	\$ 199,563	\$ 643,748

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - WDDC Tax District Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Devenues	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Ad Valorem Taxes - Current Year	\$ 26,000	\$ 26.728	\$ 728
Ad Valorem Taxes - Current Year	ъ ∠6,000 500	\$ 26,728 285	, ,
Other Revenue	3,600	3,365	(215)
Total revenues	30,100	30,378	(235)
rotairevenues	30,100	30,370	210
Expenditures:			
Economic and Physical Development			
Salaries and Benefits	60.225	59,712	513
Other Operating Expenses	21,875	9,434	12,441
Total expenditures	82,100	69,146	12,954
•	***************************************		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(52,000)	(38,768)	13,232
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfer from General Fund	52,000	52,000	\$ -
Total Other Sources (Uses)	52,000	52,000	<u> </u>
, star ethici esaress (sess)			
Revenues and Other Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	13,232	\$ 13,232
· , , ,	2	•	
Fund balances:			
Beginning of year, July 1		35,980	
End of year June 20		r 40.040	
End of year, June 30		<u>\$ 49,212</u>	

## City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Hurricane Matthew Recovery Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Years	to Date	(Negative)
Revenues:					
FEMA Proceeds	290,343	\$ 290,343	\$ -	\$ 290,343	\$ -
State of NC Proceeds	48,038	48,038	-	48,038	-
Insurance Proceeds	165,722	165,722		165,722	
Total revenues	504,103	504,103	-	504,103	_
Expenditures:					
Administration	15,320	15,320	-	15,320	-
Police Hurricane Expenditures	35,855	35,855	-	35,855	**
Fire Hurricane Expenditures	50,328	50,328	-	50,328	-
Public Works Hurricane Expenditures	130,888	130,888	-	130,888	-
Parks and Recreation Hurricane					
Expenditures	177,393	177,393	-	177,393	-
WWTP Hurricane Expenditures	31,678	31,678	-	31,678	-
Contribution to Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	441,462	441,462		441,462	-
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	62,641	62,641		62,641	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer to General Fund	(62,641)	-	(62,641)	(62,641)	_
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(62,641)	-	(62,641)	(62,641)	-
Revenues and Other Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 62,641	(62,641)	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1			62,641		
End of year, June 30			\$ -		

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Firehouse Subs Grant Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

					A	ctual			Var	iance
	E	Budget		Prior	(	urrent		Total	– Po	sitive
		norization	Y	ears/		Years	to	o Date	(Neg	gative)
Revenues:										(
Firehouse Subs Grant	\$	7,506	\$	-	\$	7,506	\$	7,506	\$	-
Total revenues		7,506		-		7,506		7,506		
Expenditures:										
Equipment		7,506		-		7,506		7,506		_
Total expenditures		7,506		-		7,506		7,506		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_		-				_		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund Total Other Sources (Uses)		-						-		
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	_	\$			-			\$	-
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1						_				
End of year, June 30					\$	-				

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - FEMA AFG Grant Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget	Prior	Actual Current	Total	_ Variance Positive
	Authorization	Years	Years	to Date	(Negative)
Revenues:	Authorization	- rears	10015	10 Date	(Negative)
	A 400 000	•	0 400 000	<b>A</b> 400 000	•
FEMA AFG Grant	\$ 120,000	\$ -	\$ 120,000	\$ 120,000	
Total revenues	120,000		120,000	120,000	
Expenditures:					
Equipment - Air Packs	136,500	-	136,170	136,170	330
Total expenditures	136,500	_	136,170	136,170	330
•					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(16,500)	***	(16,170)	(16,170)	330
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund Total Other Sources (Uses)	16,500 16,500	16,500 16,500		16,500 16,500	-
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 16,500	(16,170)	\$ 330	\$ 330
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1			16,500		
End of year, June 30			\$ 330		

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - HMGP Property Acquisition Grant Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual				
	Budget	Prior	Current	Variance Total Positive			
	Authorization	Years		Date (Negative)			
Revenues:	<u> </u>						
FEMA Hurricane Matthew Proceeds	\$ 196,892	\$ 7,000	\$ 77,098 \$	84,098 \$ (112,794)			
Total revenues	196,892	7,000	77,098	84,098 (112,794)			
Expenditures:							
Acquisition	144,636	-	48	48 144,588			
Demo & Hazard Mitigation	25,380	-	40,724	40,724 (15,344)			
Professional Fees	17,500	_	504	504 16,996			
Project Management Cost	9,376	8,000	-	8,000 1,376			
Total expenditures	196,892	8,000	41,276	49,276 147,616			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,000)	35,822	34,822 34,822			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfer from General Fund	-	-	-	-			
Total Other Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	-			
Revenues and Other Sources							
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ (1,000)	35,822 \$	34,822 \$ 34,822			
Fund balances:							
Beginning of year, July 1			(1,000)				
End of year, June 30			\$ 34,822				

#### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Hurricane Dorian Recovery Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Devenues	Budget Authorization		Prior Years		Actual Current Years		Total to Date		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: FEMA Proceeds	\$	79,500	\$	74,629	\$	3.731	\$	78,360	\$	(1,140)
State of NC Proceeds	Φ	26,500	Φ	74,029	Φ	3,731	Φ	70,300	Φ	(26,500)
Total revenues		106,000		74,629		3,731		78,360		(27,640)
Expenditures:										
Emergency Response - Admin		20,000		-		_		_		20,000
Emergency Response-Police		40,000		25,602				25,602		14,398
Emergency Response - Fire		20,000		,		_		,		20,000
Emergency Response-Public Works		20,000		24,927		-		24,927		(4,927)
CATEGORY C - Road Repair		6,000		5,447		-		5,447		553
Total expenditures		106,000		55,976				55,976		50,024
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		18,653		3,731		22,384		22,384
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund Total Other Sources (Uses)		-		-	######################################	***		-		
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	_\$	-		18,653		3,731		22,384	\$	22,384
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1						18,653				
End of year, June 30					\$	22,384				

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - CARES Act Funding Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget Authorization							Total to Date	Variance Positive	
Revenues:			Tears		ieais				(Negative)	
CARES Act Proceeds	\$	178,696	\$	36,399	\$	136,933	\$	173,332	\$	(5,364)
Total revenues		178,696		36,399		136,933		173,332		(5,364)
Expenditures:										
Emergency Response - Supplies		20,000				12,090		12.090		7,910
Emergency Response-Equipment		158,696		36,399		122,855		159,254		(558)
Total expenditures		178,696		36,399		134,945		171,344		7,352
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_				1,988		1,988		1,988
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund Total Other Sources (Uses)				-	********		************	-		-
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	_	\$	_		1,988	\$	1,988	\$	1,988
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1						-				
End of year, June 30					\$	1,988				

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Vineland Station Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Rental Income	\$ 20,500	\$ 5,025	\$ (15,475)
Other Revenue	Ψ 20,000	Ψ 5,025	Ψ (13,413)
Total revenues	20,500	5,025	(15,475)
Expenditures:			
Economic and Physical Development			
Salaries & Wages	8,000	1,717	6,283
Payroll Taxes	1,500	131	1,369
Contract Labor	-	7,200	(7,200)
Telephone & Postage	2,000	2,355	(355)
Utilities	3,000	-	3,000
R&M - Buildings & Grounds	5,000	325	4,675
Departmental Supplies	500	77	423
Insurance & Bonds	500	1,063	(563)
Capital Outlay	25,000	18,200	6,800
Total expenditures	45,500	31,068	14,432
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(25,000)	(26,043)	(1,043)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfer from General Fund	25,000	<u>.</u>	(25,000)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	25,000	-	(25,000)
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	(26,043)	\$ (26,043)
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1		8,151	
End of year, June 30		\$ (17,892)	

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - AFG Covid-19 Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues:	Budget Authorization			Prior Years		Actual Current Years		Total o Date	F	ariance Positive legative)
AFG COVID-19 Proceeds	\$	31,638	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	(31,638)
Total revenues		31,638		-		_				(31,638)
Expenditures:										
Supplies		33,220		-		4,092		4,092		29,128
Total expenditures		33,220		-		4,092		4,092		29,128
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(1,582)	- Marine State of the State of	**	***************************************	(4,092)		(4,092)		(2,510)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund		1,582				1,582		1,582		**
Total Other Sources (Uses)		1,582		-		1,582		1,582		-
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$	_		(2,510)	\$	(2,510)	\$	(2,510)
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1						-				
End of year, June 30					\$	(2,510)				

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Hurricane Florence Recovery Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

•			Actual		Variance
	Budget	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Years	to Date	(Negative)
Revenues:					
FEMA Proceeds	\$ 1,171,000	\$ 1,119,216	\$ -	\$ 1,119,216	\$ (51,784)
State of NC Proceeds	270,000	135,580		135,580	(134,420)
Insurance Proceeds	560,000	478,345	-	478,345	(81,655)
Total revenues	2,001,000	1,733,141	-	1,733,141	(267,859)
Expenditures:					
Debris Removal	407,000	406,783	-	406.783	217
Emergency Response	310,000	212,650	_	212,650	97.350
Road Repair	300,000	122,183	_	122,183	177,817
Building & Equipment Damages	626,000	556,254	_	556,254	69,746
Wastewater	134,000	133,999	-	133,999	1
Parks	224,000	88,446	-	88,446	135.554
Total expenditures	2,001,000	1,520,315	-	1,520,315	480,685
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	**	212,826	-	212,826	212,826
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer from General Fund	_	_	_		
Total Other Sources (Uses)	-	-		-	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Revenues and Other Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 212,826	-	\$ 212,826	\$ 212,826
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1			212,826		
End of year, June 30			\$ 212,826		

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - City Hall Construction Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues:	Author	Project Authorization			Cı Y	ctual urrent 'ears	tc	Total Date		/ariance Positive legative)
Miscellaneous Revenue Total revenues	\$				\$		\$	-	\$	
Total reveilues	***************************************					-				-
Expenditures:						*				
Professional Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Design Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Building & Site Work		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous Expense		-		-		-		-		-
Generator		-		-				-		-
Equipment and Furnishings		-		-		-		-		-
Construction Contingency		-		-		-		-		-
Supplies	***************************************	-				-		_		-
Total expenditures		-		-						_
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u> </u>	_				-	***************************************	-		*
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfer (to) General Fund		_		_		(170)		(170)		(170)
Transfer from Utility Fund		-		_		-		(., 0,		(110)
Loan Proceeds		-		_		_		_		
Total Other Sources (Uses)				+		(170)		(170)		(170)
Revenues and Other Sources										
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	_	œ			(170)	œ	(170)	æ	(170)
Over (ender) Experiences	<u> </u>		Ψ			(170)	\$	(170)	\$	(170)
Fund balances:										
Beginning of year, July 1						170				
·						<del></del>				
End of year, June 30				:	\$					

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - Parks Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance				
	Budget	Prior	Current	Total	Positive		
Revenues:	Authorization	Years	Years	to Date	(Negative)		
Golden Leaf Grant Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>		
Expenditures:							
Equipment	235,000	-	-	_	235,000		
Total expenditures	235,000		-	4	235,000		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(235,000)		-	-	235,000		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund	235,000	95,000		95,000	(140,000)		
Total Other Sources (Uses)	235,000	95,000		95,000	(140,000)		
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 95,000	-	\$ 95,000	\$ 95,000		
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1			95,000				
End of year, June 30			\$ 95,000				

## City of Whiteville, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - HMGP Generator Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Project	Prior		Actual Current	 Total	_	/ariance Positive
1			Years	Years		to Date	(Negative)	
Revenues:	714	110112411011	10013		100/3	 to Date		iegative)
NC Emergency Management	\$	184,495	\$ -		176,886	\$ 176,886	\$	(7,609)
Total revenues		184,495	-		176,886	176,886		(7,609)
Expenditures:	<u> </u>							
Project Management Costs		7,500	-		-	-		7,500
EquipEOC & Fire Dept. Generators		176,995	165,701			 165,701		11,294
Total expenditures		184,495	165,701			 165,701		18,794
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	(165,701)		176,886	 11,185		11,185
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund Total Other Sources (Uses)		-		F		 		
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	_	\$ (165,701)		176,886	\$ 11,185	_\$	11,185
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1				-	(165,701)			
End of year, June 30				\$	11,185			

## City of Whiteville, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - Downtown WIFI Project Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues:	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Years	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Grant Proceeds Total revenues	\$ 50,000 50,000	\$ 50,000 50,000	\$ -	\$ 50,000 50,000	<u>\$ -</u>		
Expenditures: Professional Fees and Equipment Total expenditures	50,000 50,000		14,000 14,000	14,000	36,000 36,000		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		50,000	(14,000)	36,000	36,000		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund Total Other Sources (Uses)		<u> </u>					
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 50,000	(14,000)	\$ 36,000	\$ 36,000		
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1			50,000				
End of year, June 30			\$ 36,000				

# City of Whiteville, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - Duke Energy Grant Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Actual	Variance				
		Budget		Prior		Current		Total	Positive		
	Aut	horization		Years	Years		to Date		(Ne	gative)	
Revenues:	_				_		_		_		
Duke Energy Grant	_\$	49,600	_\$_	49,630	_\$_			49,630	\$	30	
Total revenues	-	49,600		49,630	***************************************	-		49,630		30_	
Expenditures:											
Safety Equipment		49,600		15,574		33,217		48,791		809	
Total expenditures		49,600		15,574		33,217		48,791		809	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		<u>.</u>		34,056		(33,217)		839		839	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund Total Other Sources (Uses)	nenovemen.	***************************************		-		-			<del></del>		
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	_\$		\$	34,056		(33,217)	\$	839	_\$	839	
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1						34,056					
End of year, June 30					\$	839					

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - Downtown Master Plan Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual		Variance
	Budget	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Years	to Date	(Negative)
Revenues:					
USDA Grant Proceeds	\$ 44,200	\$ -	\$ 44,200	\$ 44,200	\$ -
Total revenues	44,200		44,200	44,200	-
Expenditures:					
Professional Fees	44,200	_	44,200	44,200	-
Total expenditures	44,200		44,200	44,200	-
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-		_		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from General Fund Total Other Sources (Uses)	-	<del>-</del> _			
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ <u>-</u> :	\$ -	- :	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1					
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ -</u>		

## City of Whiteville, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - Parks Pedestrian Bridge Construction Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget Authorization		Actual Prior Current Years Years					otal Date	 Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues:									
	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ 
Total revenues		<del>-</del>						-	 -
Expenditures:									
Engineering Design	13,	500		-		-		-	13,500
Bidding Assistance	5,	000		-		-		-	5,000
Construction Administration	7,	400		-		-		-	7,400
Construction Observation	7,	400		-		-		-	7,400
Construction - Bid Price	166,	263				_			 166,263
Total expenditures	199,	563				-		-	 199,563
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(199,	563)		-		_		_	 199,563
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfer from General Fund	199,	563		-	199,	563	19	9,563	-
Total Other Sources (Uses)	199,	563		-	199,	563	19	9,563	 -
Revenues and Other Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$		199,	563	\$ 19	9,563	\$ 199,563
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1				,		-			

\$ 199,563

End of year, June 30

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Water Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget & Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		inal udget	Actual	(l	Variance Favorable Jnfavorable)
Revenues:					
Operating Revenues:					
Water Sales		870,000	\$ 772,413	\$	(97,587)
Water Connections		2,500	14,506		12,006
Reconnection Fees		20,000	 63,597		43,597
Total Operating Revenues	-	892,500	 850,516		(41,984)
Nonoperating Revenues:					
Interest on Investments		-	-		-
Water Tank Lease		55,000	45,718		(9,282)
Miscellaneous		4,800	 1,921		(2,879)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		59,800	 47,639		(12,161)
Total Revenues		952,300	 898,155		(54,145)
Expenditures:					
Water & Sewer Administration:					
Professional Fees		6,251	3,193		3,058
Governing Body					
Salaries and Employee Benefits	<del></del>	<del></del>	 11,919		(11,919)
Total Administration		6,251	 15,112		(8,861)
Water Operations:					
Salaries and Employee Benefits		25,936	403,376		22,560
Utilities		71,000	72,476		(1,476)
Supplies		85,513	138,964		46,549
Other Departmental Expenses	1	85,282	141,539		43,743
Capital Outlay			 3,750		(3,750)
Total Water Operations	8	67,731	 760,105	**********	107,626
Debt service:					
Principal Retirement		15,755	11,183		4,572
Interest and other charges		249	 		249
Total Debt Service		16,004	 11,183		4,821
Total Expenditures	88	89,986	 786,400		103,586
ther Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer from (to) General Fund		-	-		-
Appropriated (Contributed) Fund Balance	(6	52,314)	-		62,314
otal Other Sources (Uses)	(6	32,314)	-		62,314
evenues and Other Sources over Expenditures					
and Other Financing Uses	\$	-	 111,755	\$	111,755
econciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
econciling Items:					
Principal retirement			11,183		
Capital outlay			3,750		
Depreciation			(69,886)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - p	ensions		18,022		
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - C	PEB		44,044		
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability			(40, 166)		
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability			(58,598)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - per			1,915		
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OF	PEB		19,917		
Capital Contribution (Ex D-1A)			29,750		
Expenditures (Ex D-1A) Total Reconciling items		_	 (35,000) (75,066)		
Total reconding tems		_	 (10,000)		
ange in net position			\$ 36,689		
		_			

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Water Assessment Project - Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues:		Budget horization	****	Prior Years		Actual Current Years		Total to Date	Variance Positive Negative)
NCDEQ Grant Proceeds	\$	150,000	\$	-	_\$_	29,750	\$	29,750	\$ (120,250)
Total revenues		150,000		-		29,750		29,750	 (120,250)
Expenditures: Professional Services Total expenditures		157,500 157,500				35,000 35,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	35,000 35,000	 122,500 122,500
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	***************************************	(7,500)	***************************************	-	***************************************	(5,250)		(5,250)	 2,250
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer from Other Fund Total Other Sources (Uses)		7,500 7,500		7,500 7,500		-		7,500 7,500	 -
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	_\$	_	\$	7,500	\$	(5,250)	\$	2,250	\$ 2,250

NOTE: 70% of this project is allocated to Sewer and 30% to Water (both loan proceeds and capital asset).

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget & Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Operating Revenues:	<b>*</b> 2.050.000	<b>6</b> 4 004 000	f (400,004)
Sewer Charges Sewer Connections	\$ 2,050,000	\$ 1,881,609	\$ (168,391)
Reconnection Fees	20,000	1,650	1,650
Total Operating Revenues	2,070,000	(90) 1,883,169	(20,090)
Total Operating Nevendes	2,070,000	1,003,103	(100,031)
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Sewer Line Expansion Revenue	94,000	112,858	18,858
Miscellaneous	5,000		(5,000)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	99,000	112,858	13,858
Total Revenues	2,169,000	1,996,027	(172,973)
Expenditures:			
Sewer Administration:			
Salaries and Employee Benefits	128,996	133,509	(4,513)
Supplies	3,500	2,392	1,108
Other Departmental Expenses	24,450	19,680	4,770
Professional Fees	4,451	2,149	2,302
Governing Body			
Salaries and Employee Benefits	5,072	4,870	202
Other Expenses	6,091	699	5,392
Total Administration	172,560	163,299	9,261
Sewer Operations:			
Salaries and Employee Benefits	205,700	203,380	2,320
Utilities	28,000	41,307	(13,307)
Supplies	97,000	89,216	7,784
Other Departmental Expenses	101,219	70,361	30,858
Capital Outlay	180,000	148,259	31,741
Total Sewer Operations	611,919	552,523	59,396
Wastewater Treatment:			
Salaries and Employee Benefits	248,414	242,099	6,315
Utilities	145,001	119,719	25,282
Supplies	96,070	106,893	(10,823)
Other Departmental Expenses Capital Outlay	185,111	148,837	36,274
Total Wastewater Treatment	674,596	617,548	57,048
- · ·			
Debt service:	404.007	404.007	
Principal Retirement	464,897	464,897	
Interest and other charges	26,664	23,296	3,368
Total Debt Service	491,561	488,193	3,368
Total Expenditures	1,950,636	1,821,563	129,073

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget & Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer to Other Funds Appropriated (Contributed) Fund Balance Total Other Sources (Uses)	(226,527 8,163 (218,364	3	(8,163) (8,163)
Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ -	(52,063)	\$ (52,063)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:			
Reconciling Items: Principal retirement Capital outlay Depreciation Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - per Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OF (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEC (Increase) decrease in deferred i	PEB	464,897 1,000 (418,757) 29,031 53,247 (64,703) (72,106) 3,085 24,507 22,307 (10,912) 102,447 134,043	
Change in net position		\$ 81,980	

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Waste Water Asset Inventory & Assessment - Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Devenue	Αι	Budget othorization	Prior Years	 Actual Current Years	 Total to Date	 Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues: NCDENR Grant Proceeds Total revenues	\$	150,000 150,000	 127,693 127,693	\$ 22,307 22,307	\$ 150,000 150,000	\$ -
Expenditures:						
Professional Fees		146,500	132,998	13,502	146,500	-
Computer Hardware		· -	· -	(2,590)	(2,590)	2,590
Computer Software		11,000	11,000	-	11,000	, +
Total expenditures		157,500	 143,998	 10,912	 154,910	 2,590
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(7,500)	 (16,305)	 11,395	 (4,910)	 2,590
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfer from Sewer Fund		-	-	7,500	7,500	7,500
Total Other Sources (Uses)		_	 -	 7,500	 7,500	7,500
Revenues and Other Sources						
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(7,500)	\$ (16,305)	\$ 18,895	\$ 2,590	\$ 10,090

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Mollie Branch Sewer Construction- Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Au	Budget thorization	 Prior Years		Actual Current Years		Total to Date	_	Variance Positive Negative)
Expenditures:									
Administrative Cost	\$	81,740	\$ 18,177	\$	55,742	\$	73,919	\$	7,821
Engineering Cost		98,910	97,110		178,702		275,812		(176,902)
Surveying		20,200	-		-		-		20,200
Bidding Assistance		12,000	-		-				12,000
Loan Closing Fee		22,312	-		_		-		22,312
Construction Cost		975,360	-		772,604		772,604		202,756
Total expenditures		1,210,522	 115,287		1,007,048		1,122,335		88,187
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(	1,210,522)	 (115,287)	(	1,007,048)	(	1,122,335)		88,187
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
NCDEQ Loan	•	,115,575	_		1,015,090	1	,015,090		(100,485)
Transfer from Sewer Fund		94,947	-		94,947		94,947		` -
Total Other Sources (Uses)	1	,210,522	 -		1,110,037	1	,110,037		(100,485)
Revenues and Other Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$ (115,287)	\$	102,989	\$	(12,298)	\$	(12,298)

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Mollie Branch Sewer Construction Ph. II - Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual					Variance	<b>.</b>
	Вι	ıdget	 Prior		Current		Total	Positive	!
	Autho	orization	 Years		Years		to Date	(Negative	<u> </u>
Revenues:									
Grant Proceeds-NCDEQ	\$ 5	500,000	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ (500,00	00)
Total revenues		00,000						(500,00	<u> </u>
Expenditures:									
Construction Administrative Fees		97,990	-		-		-	97,99	90
Bidding Assistance		10,000	-		-		-	10,00	
Loan Administration Fees		10,000	-		_		-	10,00	)0
Closing Cost		58,016	-		_			58,01	6
Land Surveying & Legal Fees		25,000	-		_		_	25,00	)0
Engineering Planning		30,000	-		_		-	30,00	0
Engineering Design	1	88,630	-		5,000		5,000	183,63	30
Construction Cost	2,4	49,758	_		-		_	2,449,75	8
Construction Inspection		89,420	-		8,500		8,500	80,92	:0
Total expenditures	2,9	58,814	 		13,500		13,500	2,945,31	4
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,4	58,814)	-		(13,500)		(13,500)	2,445,31	4_
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Loan Proceeds-NCDEQ	2,4	58,814	-		-		-	(2,458,81	4)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	2,4	58,814	 _					(2,458,81	4)
Revenues and Other Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	_	\$ 	\$	(13,500)	\$	(13,500)	\$ (13,500	<u>)</u>

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Stormwater Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget & Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Final Budget		Actual	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
Revenues:						
Operating Revenues:						
Stormwater Assessments	\$	213,362		218,448	_\$	5,086
Total Operating Revenues		213,362		218,448		5,086
Nonoperating Revenues:						
Interest on Investments		-		_		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Total Nonoperating Revenues		-		-		-
Total Revenues		213,362		218,448		5,086
Expenditures:						
Stormwater Operations:						
Salaries and Employee Benefits		136,529		159,795		(23,266)
Professional Fees		42,785		187		42,598
Supplies		10,000		12,239		(2,239)
Other Departmental Expenses		3,048		9,869		(6,821)
Capital Outlay		145,946		147,343		(1,397)
Total Stormwater Operations		338,308	·	329,433		8,875
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		18,000		17,404		596
Interest and Fees		3,000		399		2,601
Total Debt Service		21,000		17,803		3,197
Total Expenditures		359,308		347,236	************************	12,072
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Appropriated (Contributed) Fund Balance		95,000		-		(95,000)
Loan proceeds		50,946		50,946		-
Fotal Other Sources (Uses)		145,946		50,946		(95,000)
Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures						
and Other Financing Uses	\$	-		(77,842)	\$	(77,842)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:						
Reconciling Items:						
Loan Proceeds				(50,946)		
Principal Retirement				17,404		
Capital outlay				147,321		
Depreciation				(27,858)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pen	eione			6,107		
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OP				10,770		
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability				(13,611)		
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability				(14,789)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pens	ions			649		
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEI				5,026		
Transfers from (to) Project Funds (Ex D-3b)				28,225		
Total Reconciling items				108,298		
nange in net position			<b>S</b>	30,456		
range in het position		:	φ	JU,430		

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Stormwater Construction Fund - Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budget thorization		Prior Years		Actual Current Years		Total to Date	_ F	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues: Golden Leaf Grant	œ	400.000	•	400.000	æ		ው	400.000	•	
	<u> </u>	400,000	\$	400,000	<u>\$</u>		<u> </u>	400,000	\$	
Total revenues		400,000		400,000				400,000		
Expenditures:										
Professional Fees		96,345		90,115		-		90,115		6,230
Stormwater Construction		303,655		309,885		-		309,885		(6,230)
Total expenditures		400,000		400,000		_		400,000		
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	<del>-</del> .

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Downtown Stormwater Construction Fund - Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance			
	Budget	Prior	Current	Total	Positive (Negative)	
	Authorization	Years	Years	to Date		
Revenues:						
Restricted intergovernmental	\$		<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	
Total revenues	_	_			_	
Expenditures:						
Prof. Fees-Engineering Design	15,000	-	-	-	15,000	
Cleaning & Video Inspection	8,500	-	_	-	8,500	
Bidding Assistance	5,000	-	-	_	5,000	
Construction Administration	10,000	-	-	-	10,000	
Construction Observation	10,000	-	-	-	10,000	
Stormwater Construction	179,725		15,000	15,000	164,725	
Total expenditures	228,225	_	15,000	15,000	213,225	
Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	(228,225)	-	(15,000)	(15,000)	213,225	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfer from General Fund	28,225	_	28,225	28,225	••	
Transfer from Stormwater Fund	200,000	200,000		200,000	_	
Total Other Sources (Uses)	228,225	200,000	28,225	228,225	-	
Revenues and Other Sources						
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ 13,225	\$ 213,225	\$ 213,225	
o to (onder) Expenditures		Ψ <u>200,000</u>	Ψ 10,220	Ψ 2.0,220	Ψ 210,220	

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Sanitation Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget & Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		<del></del>	
			Variance
	Final		Favorable
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Operating Revenues:			
Refuse Collection Fees	\$ 1,319,752	\$ 1,299,102	\$ (20,650)
Total Operating Revenues	1,319,752	1,299,102	(20,650)
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Interest on Investments	-	-	-
Miscellaneous			
Total Nonoperating Revenues	-		_
Total Revenues	1,319,752	1,299,102	(20,650)
Expenditures:			
Sanitation Services:			
Salaries and Employee Benefits	173,858	159,853	14,005
Professional Fees	04 044	30	(30)
Other Operating Expenses Contract Services	81,311 946,981	69,415 966,543	11,896 (19,562)
Capital Outlay	340,301	3,750	(3,750)
Total Administration	1,202,150	1,199,591	2,559
Total Expenditures	1,202,150	1,199,591	2,559
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfer from (to) General Fund	-	-	-
Appropriated From (Transfer to) Fund Balance	(117,602)	-	117,602
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(117,602)	-	117,602
Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures			
and Other Financing Uses	\$ -	99,511	<u>\$ 99,511</u>
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:			
Reconciling Items:			
Capital outlay		3,750	
Depreciation		(20,332)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources	•	8,856	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources	- OPEB	14,977	
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability		(19,738) (20,565)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources -	pensions	(20,303) 941	
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources -		6,990	
Total Reconciling items		(25,121)	
Change in net position	-	\$ 74,390	
	-		

### OTHER SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2021

	Uncollected Balance		Collections	Uncollected Balance
Fiscal Year_	June 30, 2020	Additions	And Credits	June 30, 2021
2020-2021	\$ -	\$ 2,470,996	\$ 2,428,447	\$ 42,548
2019-2020	32,104	-	23,042	9,062
2018-2019	5,482	-	2,801	2,681
2017-2018	3,381	-	980	2,401
2016-2017	3,136	-	888	2,248
2015-2016	1,671	-	282	1,389
2014-2015	1,606	-	198	1,408
2013-2014	5,960	-	188	5,772
2012-2013	12,981	-	192	12,789
2011-2012	8,346	-	206	8,140
2010-2011	9,441		9,441	0
Totals	\$ 84,108	\$ 2,470,996	\$ 2,466,667	88,437
			for Uncollectible Ad al Fund	ccounts: 24,000
		Ad valorem taxe	s receivable - net	\$ 64,437
	Reconcilement w	vith revenues:		
	Ad valorem taxes Reconciling it			\$ 2,453,686
	Interest 8	& Penalties Collect	ed	(14,621)
	Tax relea	ses, written off & a	djustments	27,602
	s	ubtotal		12,981
÷	Total collections a	and credits		\$ 2,466,667

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy City - Wide Levy For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Tota	l Levy
	(	City - Wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property		Total	Motor	Motor
	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Net levy Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 466,225,596	0.5300	\$ 2,470,996	\$ 2,231,099	\$ 239,897
Total Property Valuation			2,470,996	2,231,099	239,897
Net levy			2,470,996	2,231,099	239,897
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2	021		42,548	42,548	**
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 2,428,447	\$ 2,188,551	\$ 239,897
Current levy collection percenta	ge		98.28%	98.09%	100.00%

### COMPLIANCE SECTION





### Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co, P.A.

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Alan W. Thompson, CPA R. Bryon Scott, CPA Gregory S. Adams, CPA

### Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Whiteville, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whiteville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Whiteville's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Whiteville ABC Board, as described in our report on the City of Whiteville's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Whiteville ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Whiteville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Whiteville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weakness or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Whiteville's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Trompson, Dice, Scott, adams + Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC November 23, 2021



### Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co, P.A.

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Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major State Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors City of Whiteville, North Carolina

### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited City of Whiteville's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Whiteville's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City of Whiteville's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Whiteville's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and applicable sections of *Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the *State Single Audit Implementation Act*. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Whiteville's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Whiteville's compliance.

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### Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, City of Whiteville complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Whiteville is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Whiteville's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Rice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC November 23, 2021

CITY OF WHITEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I. Summary of	f Auditors' Results						
<u>Financial Statements</u>							
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statemen accordance to GAAP: Unmodified	nts audited were prepared in						
Internal control over financial reporting:							
Material Weakness (es) identified?	Yes	X No					
Significant Deficiency(s)	Yes	X None Reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	_X_ No					
State Awards							
Internal control over major State programs:							
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X No					
Significant Deficiency(s) identified	Yes	X None Reported					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State progra	ams: Unmodified						
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?	Yes	XNo					
dentification of major State programs:							
Program Name Connect NC Bond							
Section II. Financial Statement Findings							
lone reported.							
Section III. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs							
one reported							



### City of Whiteville

Darren Currie City Manager 24 Hill Plaza PO Box 607 Whiteville, NC 28472 Terry L. Mann
Mayor
Sara B. Thompson.
Mayor Pro-Tem
Tim Blackmon
Council Member
Jimmy Clarida
Council Member
Robert Leder
Council Member
Timothy Collier
Council Member
Justin S. Smith.
Council Member

Corrective Action Plan
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

### CITY OF WHITEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding Status:

2020-001

Corrected.

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	P	ed (Direct & ass-through xpenditure	1	State Expenditure	Local oenditures
Federal Awards:							
U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Business Development Grant	10.351		\$	44,200	\$		\$ -
U.S. Department of Treasury  Passed-through the Office of State Budget and Management NC Pandemic Recovery Office  Passed-through Columbus County:  Coronavirus Relief Fund	nt: 21.019			134,945		_	_
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Pass-through N.C. Dept. of Public Safety: Division of Emergency Management	2.10.22			10 1,5 10			
Hazard Mitigation Grant - Acquisition Assistance to Firefighters Grant COVID-19 - Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.039 97.044 97.044	EMW-2020-FG-04578		30,957 120,000 4,092		10,319 - -	-
Total Assistance - Federal Programs			_\$_	334,194	\$	10,319	\$ -
State Awards:							
The Golden Leaf Foundation:  Passed-through N.C. Department of Commerce Downtown MSD Stormwater Improvements			\$	-	\$	-	\$
NC Department of Environmental Quality							
Wastewater - Asset Inventory and Assesment Grant Connect NC Bond Water Asset Inventory & Assessment Grant		E-AIA-W-16-0048 E-SRP-W-17-0123		- -		13,502 1,027,388 29,750	
N.C. Dept. of Transportation  Powell Bill				•		25,000	 
NC Dept. of Natural & Cultural Resources  Downtown Wi-Fi Grant				_		14,000	 
Total Assistance - State Programs			\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1	,109,640	\$ -
Total Assistance		=	\$	334,194	\$ 1	,119,959	\$ _

### City of Whiteville, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal **CFDA** Number Pass-through Grantor's Number

Fed (Direct &

State

Pass-through Local **Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures** 

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Awards

### Note 1: Basis of Presentation

Grantor/Pass-through

**Grantor/Program Title** 

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of State awards includes the State grant activity of the City of Whiteville under the rograms of the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Whiteville, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City of Whiteville.

### Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

### Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

The City of Whiteville has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.